

Package ‘Carlson’

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Type Package

Title Carlson Elliptic Integrals and Incomplete Elliptic Integrals

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Description Evaluation of the Carlson elliptic integrals and the incomplete elliptic integrals with complex arguments. The implementations use Carlson's algorithms <doi:10.1007/BF02198293>. Applications of elliptic integrals include probability distributions, geometry, physics, mechanics, electrodynamics, statistical mechanics, astronomy, geodesy, geodesics on conics, and magnetic field calculations.

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URL <https://github.com/stla/Carlson>

BugReports <https://github.com/stla/Carlson/issues>

Suggests gsl, testthat

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.0.2

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

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|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Carlson_RC | <i>Carlson elliptic integral RC</i> |
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Description

Evaluate the Carlson elliptic integral RC.

Usage

```
Carlson_RC(x, y, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| x, y | real or complex numbers, with y different from 0 |
| minerror | bound on the relative error passed to Carlson_RF |

Value

A complex number, the value of the Carlson elliptic integral $R_C(x, y)$.

Note

The function returns a value when x or y are negative real numbers, but this value is not the one of the Carlson integral.

Examples

```
Carlson_RC(5, 2)
gsl::ellint_RC(5, 2)
```

| | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Carlson_RD | <i>Carlson elliptic integral RD</i> |
|------------|-------------------------------------|

Description

Evaluate the Carlson elliptic integral RD.

Usage

```
Carlson_RD(x, y, z, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| x, y, z | real or complex numbers; at most one can be 0 |
| minerror | bound on the relative error |

Value

A complex number, the value of the Carlson elliptic integral $R_D(x, y, z)$.

Note

The function returns a value when x, y or z are negative real numbers, but this value is not the one of the Carlson integral.

Examples

```
Carlson_RD(5, 2, 3)
gsl::ellint_RD(5, 2, 3)
```

| | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Carlson_RF | <i>Carlson elliptic integral RF</i> |
|------------|-------------------------------------|

Description

Evaluate the Carlson elliptic integral RF.

Usage

```
Carlson_RF(x, y, z, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| x, y, z | real or complex numbers; at most one can be 0 |
| minerror | bound on relative error |

Value

A complex number, the value of the Carlson elliptic integral $R_F(x, y, z)$.

Note

The function returns a value when x , y or z are negative real numbers, but this value is not the one of the Carlson integral.

Examples

```
Carlson_RF(5, 2, 3)
gsl::ellint_RF(5, 2, 3)
```

| | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Carlson_RG | <i>Carlson elliptic integral RG</i> |
|------------|-------------------------------------|

Description

Evaluate the Carlson elliptic integral RG.

Usage

```
Carlson_RG(x, y, z, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x, y, z | real or complex numbers; they can be zero |
| minerror | bound on the relative error passed to Carlson_RF and Carlson_RD |

Value

A complex number, the value of the Carlson elliptic integral $R_G(x, y, z)$.

| | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Carlson_RJ | <i>Carlson elliptic integral RJ</i> |
|------------|-------------------------------------|

Description

Evaluate the Carlson elliptic integral RJ.

Usage

```
Carlson_RJ(x, y, z, p, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

`x, y, z, p` real or complex numbers; at most one can be 0
`minerror` bound on the relative error

Value

A complex number, the value of the Carlson elliptic integral $R_J(x, y, z, t)$.

Note

The function returns a value when `x, y, z` or `p` are negative real numbers, but this value is not the one of the Carlson integral.

Examples

```
Carlson_RJ(5, 2, 3, 4)
gsl::ellint_RJ(5, 2, 3, 4)
```

elliptic_E

Incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind

Description

Evaluate the incomplete elliptic integral of the second kind.

Usage

```
elliptic_E(phi, m, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

`phi` amplitude, real or complex number
`m` parameter, real or complex number
`minerror` the bound on the relative error passed to [Carlson_RF](#) and [Carlson_RD](#)

Value

A complex number, the value of the incomplete elliptic integral $E(\phi, m)$.

Examples

```
elliptic_E(1, 0.2)
gsl::ellint_E(1, sqrt(0.2))
```

elliptic_F *Incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind*

Description

Evaluate the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind.

Usage

```
elliptic_F(phi, m, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

phi amplitude, real or complex number
 m parameter, real or complex number
 minerror the bound on the relative error passed to [Carlson_RF](#)

Value

A complex number, the value of the incomplete elliptic integral $F(\phi, m)$.

Examples

```
elliptic_F(1, 0.2)
gsl::ellint_F(1, sqrt(0.2))
```

elliptic_PI *Incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind*

Description

Evaluate the incomplete elliptic integral of the third kind.

Usage

```
elliptic_PI(phi, n, m, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

phi amplitude, real or complex number
 n characteristic, real or complex number
 m parameter, real or complex number
 minerror the bound on the relative error passed to [Carlson_RF](#) and [Carlson_RJ](#)

Value

A complex number, the value of the incomplete elliptic integral $\Pi(\phi, n, m)$.

Examples

```
elliptic_PI(1, 0.8, 0.2)
gsl::ellint_P(1, sqrt(0.2), -0.8)
```

elliptic_Z

Jacobi zeta function

Description

Evaluate the Jacobi zeta function.

Usage

```
elliptic_Z(phi, m, minerror = 2 * .Machine$double.eps)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| phi | amplitude, real or complex number |
| m | parameter, real or complex number |
| minerror | bound on relative error passed to elliptic_E and elliptic_F |

Value

A complex number, the value of the Jacobi zeta function $Z(\phi, m)$.

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