

# Package ‘QUALYPSO’

October 12, 2022

**Type** Package

**Date** 2022-04-28

**License** GPL-3

**Title** Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections

**Version** 2.0

**Author** Guillaume Evin [aut, cre]

**Maintainer** Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

**Imports** MASS, expm, Rfast, foreach, doParallel, methods, stats, graphics, grDevices

**Description** These functions use data augmentation and Bayesian techniques for the assessment of single-member and incomplete ensembles of climate projections. It provides unbiased estimates of climate change responses of all simulation chains and of all uncertainty variables. It additionally propagates uncertainty due to missing information in the estimates.

- Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaille. (2019) <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.2

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2022-04-29 16:30:02 UTC

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---

fit.climate.response    *fit.climate.response*

---

## Description

Fit trends for each simulation chain of an ensemble of nS projections. Each simulation chain is a time series of nY time steps (e.g. number of years).

## Usage

```
fit.climate.response(Y, spar, Xmat, Xref, Xfut, typeChangeVariable)
```

## Arguments

Y	matrix of simulation chains: nS x nY
spar	smoothing parameter spar in <a href="#">smooth.spline</a> : varies in [0,1]
Xmat	matrix of predictors corresponding to the projections, e.g. time or global temperature.
Xref	reference/control value of the predictor (e.g. the reference period).
Xfut	values of the predictor over which the ANOVA will be applied.
typeChangeVariable	type of change variable: "abs" (absolute, value by default) or "rel" (relative)

## Details

See [QUALYPSO](#) for further information on arguments `indexReferenceYear` and `typeChangeVariable`.

**Value**

list with the following fields for each simulation chain:

- **phiStar**: climate change response
- **etaStar**: internal variability
- **phi**: raw trend obtained using [smooth.spline](#)
- **climateResponse**: output from [smooth.spline](#)
- **varInterVariability**: scalar, internal variability component of the MME

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

**References**

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. *Journal of Climate*. *J. Climate*, 32, 2423–2440. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

---

get.Qmat

*get.Qmat*

---

**Description**

Provide matrix  $Q$  derived from a matrix  $Q^*$  of Helmert contrasts:

$$Q = Q^* (Q^{*T} Q^*)^{-1/2}$$

See Eq. A6 in Evin et al., 2019.

**Usage**

`get.Qmat(p)`

**Arguments**

`p` integer

**Value**

matrix `p x p` matrix

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

**References**

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. *Journal of Climate*. *J. Climate*, 32, 2423–2440. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

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*get.Qstar.mat**get.Qstar.mat*

---

**Description**

Provide matrix containing Helmert contrasts (see Eq. A7 in Evin et al., 2019).

**Usage**

```
get.Qstar.mat(p)
```

**Arguments**

*p* integer

**Value**

matrix *p* x (*p*-1) matrix containing Helmert contrasts

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

**References**

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. *Journal of Climate*. *J. Climate*, 32, 2423–2440. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

lm.ANOVA

*lm.ANOVA***Description**

Partition uncertainty in climate responses using an ANOVA inferred with a Bayesian approach.

**Usage**

```
lm.ANOVA(phiStar, scenAvail, listOption = NULL, namesEff)
```

**Arguments**

phiStar	matrix of climate change responses (absolute or relative changes): $nS \times n$ . $n$ can be the number of time steps or the number of grid points
scenAvail	data.frame $nS \times nEff$ with the $nEff$ characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the $nS \times nS$ scenarios
listOption	list of options (see <a href="#">QUALYPS0</a> )
namesEff	names of the main effects

**Value**

list with the following fields:

- **GRANDMEAN**: List of estimates for the grand mean:
  - strong: MEAN: vector of length  $n$  of means
  - strong: SD: vector of length  $n$  of standard dev.
  - strong: CI: matrix  $n \times 2$  of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption.
- **RESIDUALVAR**: List of estimates for the variance of the residual errors:
  - strong: MEAN: vector of length  $n$
- **MAINEFFECT**: List of estimates for the main effects. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,...), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - strong: MEAN: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **CHANGEBYEFFECT**: For each main effect, list of estimates for the mean change by main effect, i.e. mean change by scenario (RCP4.5). For each main effect (GCM, RCM,...), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - strong: MEAN: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **EFFECTVAR**: variability related to the main effects (i.e. variability between the different RCMs, GCMs,...). Matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **CONTRIB\_EACH\_EFFECT**: Contribution of each individual effect to its component (percentage), e.g. what is the contribution of GCM1 to the variability related to GCMs. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,...), each element of the list contains a matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **listOption**: list of options used to obtained these results (obtained from [QUALYPS0.check.option](#))
- **listScenarioInput**: list of scenario characteristics (obtained from [QUALYPS0.process.scenario](#))

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

---

 plotQUALYPSOeffect     *plotQUALYPSOeffect*


---

**Description**

Plot prediction of ANOVA effects for one main effect. By default, we plot we plot the credible intervals corresponding to a probability 0.95.

**Usage**

```
plotQUALYPSOeffect(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  nameEff,
  includeMean = FALSE,
  lim = NULL,
  col = 1:20,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Effect",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

QUALYPSOOUT	output from <a href="#">QUALYPSO</a>
nameEff	name of the main effect to be plotted in QUALYPSOOUT\$namesEff
includeMean	if TRUE, the grand mean is added to the main effect in the plot
lim	y-axis limits (default is NULL)
col	colors for each effect
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to <a href="#">plot</a>

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

---

plotQUALYPSOgrandmean *plotQUALYPSOgrandmean*

---

### Description

Plot prediction of grand mean ensemble.

### Usage

```
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(  
  QUALYPSOOUT,  
  lim = NULL,  
  col = "black",  
  xlab = "",  
  ylab = "Grand mean",  
  addLegend = T,  
  ...  
)
```

### Arguments

QUALYPSOOUT	output from <a href="#">QUALYPSO</a>
lim	y-axis limits (default is NULL)
col	color for the overall mean and the credible interval
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to <a href="#">plot</a>

### Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

---

plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties  
*plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties*

---

### Description

Plot fraction of total variance explained by each source of uncertainty.

**Usage**

```
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  col = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Change variable",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

QUALYPSOOUT	output from <a href="#">QUALYPSO</a>
col	colors for each source of uncertainty, the first two colors corresponding to internal variability and residual variability, respectively
ylim	y-axis limits
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to <a href="#">plot</a>

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

---

plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceByScenario  
*plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceByScenario*

---

**Description**

Plot fraction of total variance explained by each source of uncertainty.

**Usage**

```
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceByScenario(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  nameEff,
  nameScenario,
  col = NULL,
  ylim = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "Change variable",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```



**Arguments**

QUALYPSOOUT	output from <a href="#">QUALYPSO</a>
nameEff	name of the main effect to be plotted in QUALYPSOOUT\$namesEff
nameScenario	name of the scenario to be plotted (as provided in scenAvail)
col	colors for each source of uncertainty, the first two colors corresponding to internal variability and residual variability, respectively
ylim	y-axis limits
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to <a href="#">plot</a>

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

---

plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition  
*plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition*

---

**Description**

Plot fraction of total variance explained by each source of uncertainty.

**Usage**

```
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(
  QUALYPSOOUT,
  vecEff = NULL,
  col = c("orange", "yellow", "cadetblue1", "blue1", "darkgreen", "darkgoldenrod4",
    "darkorchid1"),
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "% Total Variance",
  addLegend = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

QUALYPSOOUT	output from <a href="#">QUALYPSO</a>
vecEff	vector of indices corresponding to the main effects (NULL by default), so that the order of appearance in the plot can be modified
col	colors for each source of uncertainty, the first two colors corresponding to internal variability and residual variability, respectively

xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
addLegend	if TRUE, a legend is added
...	additional arguments to be passed to <a href="#">plot</a>

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

QUALYPSO

*QUALYPSO***Description**

Partition uncertainty in climate responses using an ANOVA applied to climate change responses.

**Usage**

```
QUALYPSO(
  Y,
  scenAvail,
  X = NULL,
  Xref = NULL,
  Xfut = NULL,
  iFut = NULL,
  listOption = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

Y	matrix $nS \times nY$ or array $nG \times nS \times nY$ of climate projections.
scenAvail	data.frame $nS \times nEff$ with the $nEff$ characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the $nS \times nS$ scenarios. The number of characteristics $nEff$ corresponds to the number of main effects that will be included in the ANOVA model.
X	(optional) predictors corresponding to the projections, e.g. time or global temperature. It can be a vector if the predictor is the same for all scenarios (e.g. $X=2001:2100$ ) or a matrix of the same size as Y if these predictors are different for the scenarios. By default, a vector $1:nY$ is created.
Xref	(optional) reference/control value of the predictor (e.g. the reference period). Xref can be a single value or a vector of length $nS$ if Xref is different for each climate projection. By default, Xref is taken as the minimum value of X.
Xfut	(optional) values of the predictor over which the ANOVA will be applied. It must be a vector of values within the range of values of X. By default, it corresponds to X if X is a vector, $1:nY$ if X is NULL or a vector of 10 values equally spaced between the minimum and maximum values of X if X is a matrix.

<code>iFut</code>	index in <code>1:length(Xfut)</code> corresponding to a future predictor value . This index is necessary when <code>Y</code> is an array <code>nG x nS x nY</code> available for <code>nG</code> grid points. Indeed, in this case, we run QUALYPSO only for one future predictor.
<code>listOption</code>	(optional) list of options <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>spar</b>: smoothing parameter <code>spar</code> in <code>smooth.spline</code>: typically (but not necessarily) in <code>(0,1]</code>.</li> <li>• <b>typeChangeVariable</b>: type of change variable: "abs" (absolute, value by default) or "rel" (relative).</li> <li>• <b>ANOVAmethod</b>: ANOVA method: "QUALYPSO" applies the method described in Evin et al. (2020), "lm" applies a simple linear model to estimate the main effects.</li> <li>• <b>nBurn</b>: if <code>ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"</code>, number of burn-in samples (default: 1000). If <code>nBurn</code> is too small, the convergence of MCMC chains might not be obtained.</li> <li>• <b>nKeep</b>: if <code>ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"</code>, number of kept samples (default: 2000). If <code>nKeep</code> is too small, MCMC samples might not represent correctly the posterior distributions of inferred parameters.</li> <li>• <b>nCluster</b>: number of clusters used for the parallelization (default: 1). When <code>nCluster</code> is greater than one, parallelization is used to apply QUALYPSO over multiple time steps or grid points simultaneously.</li> <li>• <b>probCI</b>: probability (in <code>[0,1]</code>) for the confidence intervals, <code>probCI = 0.9</code> by default.</li> <li>• <b>quantilePosterior</b>: vector of probabilities (in <code>[0,1]</code>) for which we compute the quantiles from the posterior distributions <code>quantilePosterior = c(0.005,0.025,0.05,0.1,0.25,0.33,0.5,0.66,0.75,0.9,0.95,0.975,0.995)</code> by default.</li> </ul>

## Value

List providing the results for each of the `n` values of `Xfut` if `Y` is a matrix or for each grid point if `Y` is an array, with the following fields:

- **CLIMATEESPONSE**: list of climate change responses and corresponding internal variability. Contains `phiStar` (climate change responses), `etaStar` (deviation from the climate change responses as a result of internal variability), and `phi` (fitted climate responses).
- **GRANDMEAN**: List of estimates for the grand mean:
  - **MEAN**: vector of length `n` of means.
  - **SD**: vector of length `n` of standard dev. if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.
  - **CI**: matrix `n x 2` of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption` if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.
  - **QUANT**: matrix `n x nQ` of quantiles of probability `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption` if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.
- **MAINEFFECT**: List of estimates for the main effects. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - **MEAN**: matrix `n x nTypeEff`
  - **SD**: matrix `n x nTypeEff` of standard dev. if `ANOVAmethod=="QUALYPSO"`.

- **CI**: array  $n \times 2 \times nTypeEff$  of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **QUANT**: array  $n \times nQ \times nTypeEff$  of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in listOption if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **CHANGEBYEFFECT**: For each main effect, list of estimates for the mean change by main effect, i.e. mean change by scenario. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,...), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - **MEAN**: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
  - **SD**: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$  of standard dev. if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **CI**: array  $n \times 2 \times nTypeEff$  of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **QUANT**: array  $n \times nQ \times nTypeEff$  of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in listOption if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **EFFECTVAR**: Matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$  giving, for each time variability related to the main effects (i.e. variability between the different RCMs, GCMs,...).
- **CONTRIB\_EACH\_EFFECT**: Contribution of each individual effect to its component (percentage), e.g. what is the contribution of GCM1 to the variability related to GCMs. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,...), each element of the list contains a matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **RESIDUALVAR**: List of estimates for the variance of the residual errors:
  - **MEAN**: vector of length  $n$ .
  - **SD**: vector of length  $n$  of standard dev. if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **CI**: matrix  $n \times 2$  of credible intervals of probability probCI given in listOption if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
  - **QUANT**: matrix  $n \times nQ$  of quantiles of probability quantilePosterior given in listOption if ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO".
- **INTERNALVAR**: Internal variability (constant over time)
- **TOTALVAR**: total variability, i.e. the sum of internal variability, residual variability and variability related to the main effects
- **DECOMPVAR**: Decomposition of the total variability for each component
- **RESERR**: differences between the climate change responses and the additive anova formula (grand mean + main effects)
- **Xmat**: matrix of predictors
- **Xref**: reference predictor values
- **Xfut**: future predictor values
- **paralType**: type of parallelisation (Time or Grid)
- **namesEff**: names of the main effects
- **Y**: matrix of available combinations given as inputs
- **listOption**: list of options used to obtained these results (obtained from [QUALYPSO.check.option](#))
- **listScenarioInput**: list of scenario characteristics (obtained from [QUALYPSO.process.scenario](#))

#### Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

## References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. *Journal of Climate*. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

## Examples

```
#####
# SYNTHETIC SCENARIOS
#####
# create nS=3 fictive climate scenarios with 2 GCMs and 2 RCMs, for a period of nY=20 years
n=20
t=1:n/n

# GCM effects (sums to 0 for each t)
effGCM1 = t*2
effGCM2 = t*-2

# RCM effects (sums to 0 for each t)
effRCM1 = t*1
effRCM2 = t*-1

# These climate scenarios are a sum of effects and a random gaussian noise
scenGCM1RCM1 = effGCM1 + effRCM1 + rnorm(n=n,sd=0.5)
scenGCM1RCM2 = effGCM1 + effRCM2 + rnorm(n=n,sd=0.5)
scenGCM2RCM1 = effGCM2 + effRCM1 + rnorm(n=n,sd=0.5)
Y.synth = rbind(scenGCM1RCM1,scenGCM1RCM2,scenGCM2RCM1)

# Here, scenAvail indicates that the first scenario is obtained with the combination of the
# GCM "GCM1" and RCM "RCM1", the second scenario is obtained with the combination of
# the GCM "GCM1" and RCM "RCM2" and the third scenario is obtained with the combination
# of the GCM "GCM2" and RCM "RCM1".
scenAvail.synth = data.frame(GCM=c('GCM1','GCM1','GCM2'),RCM=c('RCM1','RCM2','RCM1'))

#####
# RUN QUALYPSO
#####
# call main QUALYPSO function: two arguments are mandatory:
# - Y: Climate projections for nS scenarios and nY time steps. if Y is a matrix nS x nY, we
# run QUALYPSO nY times, for each time step. If Y is an array nG x nS x nY, for nG grid points,
# we run QUALYPSO nG times, for each grid point, for one time step specified using the argument
# iFut
# - scenAvail: matrix or data.frame of available combinations nS x nEff. The number of
# characteristics nEff corresponds to the number of main effects that will be included in the
# ANOVA model. In the following example, we have nEff=2 main effects corresponding to the GCMs
# and RCMs.

# Many options can be specified in the argument "listOption". When ANOVAMethod=="QUALYPSO"
# a Bayesian inference is performed. Here, we change the default values for nBurn and nKeep
# in order to speed up computation time for this small example. However, it must be noticed
# that convergence and sampling of the posterior distributions often require higher values
# for these two arguments.
```

```

listOption = list(nBurn=100,nKeep=100,ANOVAmethod="QUALYPSO",quantilePosterior=c(0.025,0.5,0.975))

# run QUALYPSO
QUALYPSO.synth = QUALYPSO(Y=Y.synth, scenAvail=scenAvail.synth, X=2001:2020, listOption=listOption)

#####
# SOME PLOTS
#####
# plot grand mean
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(QUALYPSO.synth,xlab="Years")

# plot main GCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.synth,nameEff="GCM",xlab="Years")

# plot main RCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.synth,nameEff="RCM",xlab="Years")

# plot fraction of total variance for the differences sources of uncertainty
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(QUALYPSO.synth,xlab="Years")

# plot mean prediction and total variance with the differences sources of uncertainty
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(QUALYPSO.synth,xlab="Years")

#-----
# EXAMPLE OF QUALYPSO WHEN THE PREDICTOR IS TIME
#-----

# list of options
listOption = list(typeChangeVariable='abs')

# call QUALYPSO
QUALYPSO.time = QUALYPSO(Y=Y,scenAvail=scenAvail,X=X_time_vec,Xref=1999,
                        Xfut=Xfut_time,listOption=listOption)

# grand mean effect
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(QUALYPSO.time,xlab="Years")

# main GCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.time,nameEff="GCM",xlab="Years")

# main RCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.time,nameEff="RCM",xlab="Years")

# mean change and associated uncertainties
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(QUALYPSO.time,xlab="Years")

# variance decomposition
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(QUALYPSO.time,xlab="Years")

#-----
# EXAMPLE OF QUALYPSO WHEN THE PREDICTOR IS THE GLOBAL TEMPERATURE
#-----

```

```

# list of options
listOption = list(typeChangeVariable='abs')

# call QUALYPSO
QUALYPSO.globaltas = QUALYPSO(Y=Y, scenAvail=scenAvail, X=X_globaltas, Xref=13,
                              Xfut=Xfut_globaltas, listOption=listOption)

# grand mean effect
plotQUALYPSOgrandmean(QUALYPSO.globaltas, xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# main GCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.globaltas, nameEff="GCM", xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# main RCM effects
plotQUALYPSOeffect(QUALYPSO.globaltas, nameEff="RCM", xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# mean change and associated uncertainties
plotQUALYPSOMeanChangeAndUncertainties(QUALYPSO.globaltas, xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

# variance decomposition
plotQUALYPSOTotalVarianceDecomposition(QUALYPSO.globaltas, xlab="Global temperature (Celsius)")

```

---

QUALYPSO.ANOVA

*QUALYPSO.ANOVA*


---

## Description

Partition uncertainty in climate responses using an ANOVA inferred with a Bayesian approach.

## Usage

```
QUALYPSO.ANOVA(phiStar, scenAvail, listOption = NULL, namesEff)
```

## Arguments

phiStar	matrix of climate change responses (absolute or relative changes): nS x n. n can be the number of time steps or the number of grid points
scenAvail	data.frame nS x nEff with the nEff characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the nS x nS scenarios
listOption	list of options (see <a href="#">QUALYPSO</a> )
namesEff	names of the main effects

## Value

list with the following fields:

- **GRANDMEAN**: List of estimates for the grand mean:

- strong: MEAN: vector of length  $n$  of posterior means
- strong: SD: vector of length  $n$  of posterior standard dev.
- strong: CI: matrix  $n \times 2$  of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
- strong: QUANT: matrix  $n \times nQ$  of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`
- **RESIDUALVAR**: List of estimates for the variance of the residual errors:
  - strong: MEAN: vector of length  $n$  of posterior means
  - strong: SD: vector of length  $n$  of posterior standard dev.
  - strong: CI: matrix  $n \times 2$  of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
  - strong: QUANT: matrix  $n \times nQ$  of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`
- **MAINEFFECT**: List of estimates for the main effects. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - strong: MEAN: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$  of posterior means
  - strong: SD: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$  of posterior standard dev.
  - strong: CI: array  $n \times 2 \times nTypeEff$  of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
  - strong: QUANT: array  $n \times nQ \times nTypeEff$  of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`
- **CHANGEBYEFFECT**: For each main effect, list of estimates for the mean change by main effect, i.e. mean change by scenario (RCP4.5). For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a list with:
  - strong: MEAN: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$  of posterior means
  - strong: SD: matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$  of posterior standard dev.
  - strong: CI: array  $n \times 2 \times nTypeEff$  of credible intervals of probability `probCI` given in `listOption`.
  - strong: QUANT: array  $n \times nQ \times nTypeEff$  of quantiles related to the probabilities `quantilePosterior` given in `listOption`
- **EFFECTVAR**: variability related to the main effects (i.e. variability between the different RCMs, GCMs,..). Matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **CONTRIB\_EACH\_EFFECT**: Contribution of each individual effect to its component (percentage), e.g. what is the contribution of GCM1 to the variability related to GCMs. For each main effect (GCM, RCM,..), each element of the list contains a matrix  $n \times nTypeEff$
- **listOption**: list of options used to obtained these results (obtained from [QUALYPSO.check.option](#))
- **listScenarioInput**: list of scenario characteristics (obtained from [QUALYPSO.process.scenario](#))

### Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

### References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. *Journal of Climate*. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.



---

QUALYPSO.ANOVA.i      *QUALYPSO.ANOVA.i*

---

### Description

Partition sources of uncertainty in climate change responses for one lead time or one grid point.

### Usage

```
QUALYPSO.ANOVA.i(phiStar.i, nMCMC, listScenarioInput)
```

### Arguments

`phiStar.i`      vector of nS climate change response for one lead time or for one grid point: nS x 1

`nMCMC`          number of MCMC simulation required

`listScenarioInput`      list containing specifications, provided by [QUALYPSO.process.scenario](#)

### Value

list with the following fields:

- **mu**: vector of length nMCMC, mean climate change response
- **sigma2**: vector of length nMCMC, variance of the residual terms
- **effect**: list with nTypeEff elements, where each element corresponds to a different type of effect (e.g. alpha, beta, gamma in Eq. 7) Each element is a matrix nMCMC x nMaineff, and nMaineff is the number of main effects (e.g. number of GCMs, RCMs, etc.)

### Author(s)

Guillaume Evin

### References

Evin, G., B. Hingray, J. Blanchet, N. Eckert, S. Morin, and D. Verfaillie (2020) Partitioning Uncertainty Components of an Incomplete Ensemble of Climate Projections Using Data Augmentation. *Journal of Climate*. <doi:10.1175/JCLI-D-18-0606.1>.

---

QUALYPSO.check.option *QUALYPSO.check.option*

---

**Description**

Check if input options provided in [QUALYPSO](#) are valid and assigned default values if missing.

**Usage**

QUALYPSO.check.option(listOption)

**Arguments**

listOption      list of options

**Value**

List containing the complete set of options.

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

---

QUALYPSO.process.scenario  
*QUALYPSO.process.scenario*

---

**Description**

Process input scenarios.

**Usage**

QUALYPSO.process.scenario(scenAvail)

**Arguments**

scenAvail      data.frame nS x nEff with the nEff characteristics (e.g. type of GCM) for each of the nS x nS scenarios

**Value**

list of preprocessed objects (listEff, scenAvail, scenComp, nEff, nTypeEff, nComp, isMissing, nMissing, iMatchScen, indexEffInCompScen, Qmat)

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin

---

scenAvail	<i>scenAvail gives the GCM and RCM which have been used for the 20 climate projections</i>
-----------	--

---

**Description**

scenAvail gives the GCM and RCM which have been used for the 20 climate projections

**Usage**

```
data(scenAvail)
```

**Format**

data.frame with 20 rows and two columns: GCM and RCM

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

---

Xfut_globaltas	<i>Equally spaced vector of simulated global temperatures over the period 1971-2099 for the RCP8.5</i>
----------------	--

---

**Description**

Equally spaced vector of simulated global temperatures over the period 1971-2099 for the RCP8.5

**Usage**

```
data(Xfut_globaltas)
```

**Format**

vector of length 13

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

Xfut\_time

*Xfut\_time is a vector of 11 years equally spaced from 1999 to 2099*

---

**Description**

Xfut\_time is a vector of 11 years equally spaced from 1999 to 2099

**Usage**

```
data(Xfut_time)
```

**Format**

vectors of length 11

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

---

X\_globaltas

*Annual average of global temperatures simulated by different CMIP5 GCMs at the planetary scale for the period 1971-2099*

---

**Description**

Annual average of global temperatures simulated by different CMIP5 GCMs at the planetary scale for the period 1971-2099

**Usage**

```
data(X_globaltas)
```

**Format**

matrix 20 scenarios x 129 years

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

---

*X\_time\_mat*                      *Years 1971-2099 repeated for the 20 scenarios*

---

**Description**

Years 1971-2099 repeated for the 20 scenarios

**Usage**

`data(X_time_mat)`

**Format**

matrix 20 scenarios x 129 years

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

---

*X\_time\_vec*                      *X\_time\_vec gives the years corr. to Y, i.e. from 1971 to 2099*

---

**Description**

*X\_time\_vec* gives the years corr. to Y, i.e. from 1971 to 2099

**Usage**

`data(X_time_vec)`

**Format**

vector of length 129

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

---

Y *climate projections of mean winter (DJF) temperature over the SREX region CEU simulated by 20 combinations of CMIP5 GCMs and RCMs for the period 1971-2099*

---

**Description**

climate projections of mean winter (DJF) temperature over the SREX region CEU simulated by 20 combinations of CMIP5 GCMs and RCMs for the period 1971-2099

**Usage**

data(Y)

**Format**

matrix 20 scenarios x 129 years

**Author(s)**

Guillaume Evin <guillaume.evin@inrae.fr>

**References**

Seneviratne, S. I. et al. Changes in Climate Extremes and their Impacts on the Natural Physical Environment, in: Managing the Risks of Extreme Events and Disasters to Advance Climate Change Adaptation: Special Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, edited by: Field, C., Barros, V., Stocker, T., and Dahe, Q., Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 109-230, <https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9781139177245.006>, 2012

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