# Package 'T2Qv'

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Type Package
Title Control Qualitative Variables
Version 0.1.0
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<b>Description</b> Covers k-table control analysis using multivariate control charts for qualitative variables using fundamentals of multiple correspondence analysis and multiple factor analysis. The graphs can be shown in a flat or interactive way, in the same way all the outputs can be shown in an interactive shiny panel.
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ACMconcatenated

ACM Concatenated

# **Description**

Multiple correspondence analysis applied to a concatenated table.

# Usage

ACMconcatenated(base, IndK, interactive = TRUE)

# **Arguments**

base Data set

IndK Character with the name of the column that specifies the partition of the data set

in k tables.

interactive If it is TRUE, the graph will be shown interactively. If FALSE, the graph is

displayed flat. FALSE is the default.

# Value

A Multiple Correspondence Analysis graph of the concatenated table.

# **Examples**

```
data(Datak10Contaminated)
ACMconcatenated(Datak10Contaminated, "GroupLetter", interactive = TRUE)
```

ACMpoint

ACM in one point

# Description

Multiple correspondence analysis applied to a specific table.

# Usage

```
ACMpoint(base, IndK, PointTable, interactive = TRUE)
```

ChiSq\_variable 3

#### **Arguments**

base Data set

IndK Character with the name of the column that specifies the partition of the data set

in k tables.

PointTable Table indicator. A character or number that is part of the IndK registers. This

argument specifies the table to which the analysis will be performed.

interactive If it is TRUE, the graph will be shown interactively. If FALSE, the graph is

displayed flat. FALSE is the default.

#### Value

A Multiple Correspondence Analysis graph of the table specified in PointTable.

#### **Examples**

```
data(Datak10Contaminated)
ACMpoint(Datak10Contaminated, "GroupLetter", PointTable="j", interactive=TRUE)
```

ChiSq\_variable Chi squared variable from point table.

#### **Description**

Contains Chi square distance between the column masses of the table specified in PointTable and the concatenated table. It allows to identify which mode is responsible for the anomaly in the table in which it is located.

#### Usage

ChiSq\_variable(base, IndK, PointTable, interactive = TRUE, ylim = 0.09)

#### **Arguments**

base Data set

IndK Character with the name of the column that specifies the partition of the data set

in k tables.

PointTable Table indicator. A character or number that is part of the IndK registers. This

argument specifies the table to which the analysis will be performed.

interactive If it is TRUE, the graph will be shown interactively. If FALSE, the graph is

displayed flat. FALSE is the default.

ylim y-axis limit.

#### Value

A table with Chi square distances between the column masses of the table specified in PointTable and the concatenated table.

4 Datak10Contaminated

#### **Examples**

```
data(Datak10Contaminated)
ChiSq_variable(Datak10Contaminated, "GroupLetter", PointTable="j", ylim=5, interactive=TRUE)
```

Datak10Contaminated 10 Ta

10 Tables Data Set

# **Description**

Data from 10 tables with 10 categorical variables, the data from table 10 was generated with a different distribution from the others.

#### Usage

Datak10Contaminated

# **Format**

A data frame:

```
V01 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V02 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V03 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V04 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V05 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V06 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V07 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V08 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V09 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".

V10 Contains 3 modes "High", "Medium", "Low".
```

**GroupLetter** Letters from "a" to "j" identify the k tables.

Full\_Panel 5

Full_Panel	Full Panel T2 Qualitative	

# Description

A shiny panel complete with the multivariate control chart for qualitative variables, the two ACM charts and the modality distance table. Within the dashboard, arguments such as type I error and dimensionality can be modified.

# Usage

```
Full_Panel(base, IndK)
```

#### **Arguments**

base Data set

IndK Character with the name of the column that specifies the partition of the data set

in k tables.

# Value

A complete panel with the multivariate control chart for qualitative variables, the two ACM charts and the modality distance table.

# **Examples**

```
data(Datak10Contaminated)
Full_Panel(Datak10Contaminated, "GroupLetter")
```

T2\_qualitative Multivariate control chart for qualitative variables

# **Description**

Multivariate control chart T2 Hotelling applicable for qualitative variables.

#### Usage

```
T2_qualitative(base, IndK, dim, interactive = TRUE, alpha = 0.0027)
```

T2\_qualitative

#### **Arguments**

base Data set

IndK Character with the name of the column that specifies the partition of the data set

in k tables.

dim Dimension taken for reduction. Initial dimension - 1 is recommended.

interactive If it is TRUE, the graph will be shown interactively. If FALSE, the graph is

displayed flat. FALSE is the default.

alpha Type I error, it is recommended to reach this value by using the ARL.

#### Value

A control chart made with the T2 hotelling statistic, applied to detect anomalies in any of the K tables obtained with the specification of IndK. The control limit of the graph is obtained from the number of dimensions dim and the type I error alpha.

# **Examples**

data(Datak10Contaminated)
T2\_qualitative(Datak10Contaminated, "GroupLetter", 9, TRUE, 0.0027)

# **Index**