Package 'TimeSeries.OBeu'

October 12, 2022

Type Package

Title Time Series Analysis 'OpenBudgets.eu'

Version 1.2.4 **Date** 2019-12-17

Description Estimate and return the needed parameters for visualizations designed for 'OpenBudgets.eu' http://openbudgets.eu/ time series data. Calculate time series model and forecast parameters in budget time series data of municipalities across Europe, according to the 'OpenBudgets.eu' data model. There are functions for measuring deterministic and stochastic trend of the input time series data with 'ACF', 'PACF', 'Phillips Perron' test, 'Augmented Dickey Fuller (ADF)' test, 'Kwiatkowski-Phillips-Schmidt-Shin (KPSS)' test, 'Mann Kendall' test for monotonic trend and 'Cox and Stuart' trend test, decomposing with local regression models or 'stl' decomposition, fitting the appropriate 'arima' model and provide forecasts for the input 'OpenBudgets.eu' time series fiscal data. Also, can be used generally to extract visualization parameters convert them to 'JSON' format and use them as input in a different graphical interface.

Maintainer Kleanthis Koupidis <koupidis@okfn.gr>

URL https://github.com/okgreece/TimeSeries.OBeu

BugReports https://github.com/okgreece/TimeSeries.OBeu/issues

License GPL-2 | file LICENSE

LazyData TRUE Encoding UTF-8

Imports forecast, locfit, jsonlite, stats, trend, tseries

RoxygenNote 7.0.0

Suggests devtools, knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr **NeedsCompilation** no

Author Kleanthis Koupidis [aut, cre], Charalampos Bratsas [aut]

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-12-17 15:20:03 UTC

2 Athens_approved_ts

R topics documented:

Ather	ns_approved_ts	Time Athe	rie	s oj	f Ap	pr	ove	ed .	Ex	реі	ıdi	tu	re .	Ви	dg	et	Ph	ıas	e o	of I	Mι	ıni	ciį	əal	ity	, o	f
Index																											19
	ts.stationary.test		 ٠		•		•		•		•	•		٠	٠		• •	•	•		•	٠		•	•	•	1/
	ts.seasonal.model .																										
	ts.seasonal.decomp																										
	ts.non.seas.model .																										
	ts.non.seas.decomp																										
	ts.forecast																										
	ts.analysis																										
	ts.acf																										
	open_spending.ts .																										
	Athens_revised_ts .																										
	Athens_reserved_ts																										
	Athens_executed_ts																										
	Athens_draft_ts																										
	Athens_approved_ts																										

Description

Time series data with the Approved Budget phase expenditure amounts of Municipality of Athens from 2004-2015

- The years of the recorded approved budget phase amounts
- The approved budget phase amounts of this time range

Format

A ts object with 12 approved amounts from 2004-2015

Source

The ttl and rdf expenditure data are stored in: https://github.com/openbudgets/datasets/tree/master/greek-municipalities/municipality-of-athens/dataset

Athens_draft_ts 3

Athens_draft_ts	Time series of Draft Expenditure Budget Phase of Municipality of Athens
-----------------	---

Description

Time series data with the Draft Budget phase expenditure amounts of Municipality of Athens from 2004-2015

- The years of the recorded draft budget phase amounts.
- The draft budget phase amounts of this time range.

Format

A ts object with 12 draft amounts from 2004-2015

Source

The ttl and rdf expenditure data are stored in: https://github.com/openbudgets/datasets/tree/master/greek-municipalities/municipality-of-athens/dataset

Athens_executed_ts	Time series of Executed Expenditure Budget Phase of Municipality of Athens

Description

Time series data with the Executed Budget phase expenditure amounts of Municipality of Athens from 2004-2015

- The years of the recorded executed budget phase amounts.
- The executed budget phase amounts of this time range.

Format

A ts object with 12 draft amounts from 2004-2015

Source

The ttl and rdf expenditure data are stored in: https://github.com/openbudgets/datasets/tree/master/greek-municipalities/municipality-of-athens/dataset

4 Athens_revised_ts

Athens_reserved_ts	Time series of Reserved Expenditure Budget Phase of Municipality of Athens

Description

Time series data with the Reserved Budget phase expenditure amounts of Municipality of Athens from 2004-2015

- The years of the recorded reserved budget phase amounts.
- The reserved budget phase amounts of this time range.

Format

A ts object with 12 reserved amounts from 2004-2015

Source

The ttl and rdf expenditure data are stored in: https://github.com/openbudgets/datasets/tree/master/greek-municipalities/municipality-of-athens/dataset

Athe	ns_revised_ts	Time series of Revised Expenditure Budget Phase of Municipality of Athens	

Description

Time series data with the Revised Budget phase expenditure amounts of Municipality of Athens from 2004-2015

- The years of the recorded revised budget phase amounts.
- The revised budget phase amounts of this time range.

Format

A ts object with 12 revised amounts from 2004-2015

Source

The ttl and rdf expenditure data are stored in: https://github.com/openbudgets/datasets/tree/master/greek-municipalities/municipality-of-athens/dataset

open_spending.ts 5

open_spending.ts

Read and analyze univariate time series data from Open Spending API

Description

Extract and analyze univariate time series data from Open Spending API, using the ts.analysis function.

Usage

```
open_spending.ts(json_data, time, amount,
order = NULL, prediction_steps = 1)
```

Arguments

json_data The json string, URL or file from Open Spending API

time Specify the time label of the json time series data

amount Specify the amount label of the json time series data

order An integer vector of length 3 specifying the order of the Arima model

prediction_steps

The number of prediction steps

Details

This function extracts the time series data provided by the Open Spending API, in order to return the results from the ts.analysis function.

Value

A json string with the resulted parameters of the ts.analysis function.

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis

See Also

```
ts.analysis
```

6 ts.acf

ts.acf	Extract the ACF and PACF parameters of time series and their model residuals

Description

This function is included in ts.analysis function and aims to extract the ACF and PACF details of the input time series data and the ACF, PACF of the residuals after fitting an Arima model.

Usage

```
ts.acf(tsdata, model_residuals, a = 0.95, tojson = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tsdata The input univariate time series data

model_residuals

The model's residuals after fitting a model to the time series

a The significant level (default a=0.95)

tojson If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

This function is used internally in ts.analysis function and the output is a list with grouped ACF and PACF parameters of the input time series data, as well as the ACF and PACF parameters of the residuals needed for the graphical purposes in OBEU.

Value

A list with the parameters:

- acf.parameters:
 - acf The estimated acf values of the input time series
 - acf.lag The lags at which the acf is estimated
 - confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval
- · pacf.parameters:
 - pacf The estimated pacf values of the input time series
 - pacf.lag The lags at which the pacf is estimated
 - confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval
- acf.residuals.parameters:
 - acf.res The estimated acf values of the model residuals
 - acf.res.lag The lags at which the acf is estimated of the model residuals

ts.analysis 7

- confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
- confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval
- pacf.residuals.parameters:
 - pacf.res The estimated pacf values of the model residuals
 - pacf.res.lag The lags at which the pacf is estimated of the model residuals
 - confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis

See Also

```
ts.analysis, Acf, Pacf
```

Examples

```
ts.acf(Athens_draft_ts)
```

ts.analysis

Time series analysis results for OBEU Time series

Description

Univariate time series analysis for short and long time series data using the appropriate model.

Usage

```
ts.analysis(tsdata, x.order = NULL, prediction.steps = 1, tojson = TRUE)
```

Arguments

tsdata The input univariate time series data

x. order An integer vector of length 3 specifying the order of the Arima model

prediction.steps

The number of prediction steps

tojson If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

This function automatically tests for stationarity of the input time series data using ts.stationary.test function. Depending the nature of the time series data and the stationary tests there are four branches: a.)short and non seasonal, b.)short and seasonal, c.)long and non seasonal and d.)long and seasonal. For branches a and c ts.non.seas.model is used and for b and d ts.seasonal.model is used.

This function also decomposes both seasonal and non seasonal time series through ts.non.seas.decomp and ts.seasonal.decomp and forecasts h steps ahead the user selected(default h=1) using ts.forecast.

8 ts.analysis

Value

A json string with the parameters:

- acf.param
 - acf.parameters:
 - * acf The estimated acf values of the input time series
 - * acf.lag The lags at which the acf is estimated
 - * confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - * confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval
 - pacf.parameters:
 - * pacf The estimated pacf values of the input time series
 - * pacf.lag The lags at which the pacf is estimated
 - * confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - * confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval
 - acf.residuals.parameters:
 - * acf.res The estimated acf values of the model residuals
 - * acf.res.lag The lags at which the acf is estimated of the model residuals
 - * confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - * confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval
 - pacf.residuals.parameters:
 - * pacf.res The estimated pacf values of the model residuals
 - * pacf.res.lag The lags at which the pacf is estimated of the model residuals
 - * confidence.interval.up The upper limit of the confidence interval
 - * confidence.interval.low The lower limit of the confidence interval

• param

- stl.plot:
 - * trend The estimated trend component
 - * trend.ci.up The estimated up limit for trend component (for non seasonal time series)
 - * trend.ci.low The estimated low limit for trend component (for non seasonal time series)
 - * seasonal The estimated seasonal component
 - * remainder The estimated remainder component
 - * time The time of the series was sampled
- stl.general:
 - * stl.degree The degree of fit
 - * degfr The effective degrees of freedom for non seasonal time series
 - * degfr.fitted The fitted degrees of freedom for non seasonal time series
 - * fitted The model's fitted values
- residuals The residuals of the model (fitted innovations)
- compare:
 - * arima.order The Arima order for seasonal time series
 - * arima.coef A vector of AR, MA and regression coefficients

ts.analysis 9

- * arima.coef.se The standard error of the coefficients
- * covariance.coef The matrix of the estimated variance of the coefficients
- * resid.variance The residuals variance
- * not.used.obs The number of not used observations for the fitting
- * used.obs The used observations for the fitting
- * loglik The maximized log-likelihood (of the differenced data), or the approximation to it used
- * aic The AIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
- * bic The BIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
- * gcv The generalized cross-validation statistic time series
- * aicc The second-order Akaike Information Criterion corresponding to the log-likelihood for seasonal time series

· forecasts

- ts.model a string indicating the arima orders
- data_year The time that time series data were sampled
- data The time series values
- predict_time The time that defined by the prediction_steps parameter
- predict_values The predicted values that defined by the prediction_steps parameter
- up80 The upper limit of the 80% predicted confidence interval
- low80 The lower limit of the 80% predicted confidence interval
- up95 The upper limit of the 95% predicted confidence interval
- low95 The lower limit of the 95% predicted confidence interval

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis, Charalampos Bratsas

See Also

```
ts.stationary.test, ts.acf, ts.seasonal.model, ts.seasonal.decomp, ts.non.seas.model, ts.non.seas.decomp, ts.forecast
```

Examples

```
ts.analysis(Athens_draft_ts, prediction.steps = 3, tojson = FALSE)
```

10 ts.forecast

ts.forecast	Time series forecast results of OBEU Time Series

Description

Univariate time series forecasts for short and long time series data using the appropriate model.

Usage

```
ts.forecast(ts\_modelx, h = 1, tojson = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ts_modelx The input univariate time series data

h The number of prediction steps

tojson If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

This function is used internally in ts.analysis and forecasts the model that fits the input data using the auto.arima function(see forecast package). The model selection depends on the results of some diagnostic tests (acf,pacf,pp adf and kpss). For short time series the selected arima model is among various orders of the AR part using the first differences and the first order moving average component, with the lower AIC value.

Value

A list with the parameters:

- ts.model a string indicating the arima orders
- data_year The time that time series data were sampled
- data The time series values
- predict_time The time that defined by the prediction_steps parameter
- predict_values The predicted values that defined by the prediction_steps parameter
- up80: The upper limit of the 80% predicted confidence interval
- low80: The lower limit of the 80% predicted confidence interval
- up95: The upper limit of the 95% predicted confidence interval
- low95: The lower limit of the 95% predicted confidence interval

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis, Charalampos Bratsas

See Also

```
ts.analysis, forecast
```

ts.non.seas.decomp 11

Examples

```
Athens_draft <- ts.non.seas.model(Athens_draft_ts) #Hold the model object of non seasonal modeling draft <- Athens_draft$model.summary ts.forecast(draft)
```

ts.non.seas.decomp

Non seasonal decomposition

Description

Decomposition of time series with no seasonal component using local regression models

Usage

```
ts.non.seas.decomp(tsdata, tojson = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tsdata The input univariate non seasonal time series data

tojson If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

For non-seasonal time series there is no seasonal component. Local regression and likelihood models (locfit package) are used in order to extract the trend and remaider components.

Value

A list with the following components:

- stl.plot:
 - trend The estimated trend component
 - trend.ci.up The estimated up limit for trend component
 - trend.ci.low The estimated low limit for trend component
 - seasonal The estimated seasonal component
 - remainder The estimated remainder component
 - time The time of the series was sampled
- stl.general:
 - stl.degree The degree of fit
 - degfr The effective degrees of freedom
 - degfr.fitted The fitted degrees of freedom
- residuals_fitted:
 - residuals The residuals of the model (fitted innovations)

12 ts.non.seas.model

- fitted The model's fitted values
- time the time of tsdata
- line The y=0 line
- compare:
 - resid.variance The residuals variance
 - used.obs The used observations for the fitting
 - loglik The maximized log-likelihood (of the differenced data), or the approximation to it used
 - aic The AIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
 - bic The BIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
 - gcv The generalized cross-validation statistic

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis

See Also

```
ts.analysis, locfit, predict.locfit
```

Examples

```
ts.non.seas.decomp(Athens_draft_ts)
```

ts.non.seas.model

Model fit of non seasonal time series

Description

Model fit of non seasonal time series

Usage

```
ts.non.seas.model(tsdata, x.ord = NULL, tojson = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tsdata	The input univariate non seasonal time series data
x.ord	An integer vector of length 3 specifying the order of the Arima model

tojson If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

Model fit of non seasonal time series using arima models of non seasonal time series data. The model with the lowest AIC value is selected for forecasts.

ts.non.seas.model

Value

A list with the following components:

- model.summary:
 - ts_model The summary model details returned as Arima object for internal use in ts.analysis function
- model:
 - ts_model:
 - arima.order The Arima order
 - arima.coef A vector of AR, MA and regression coefficients
 - arima.coef.se The standard error of the coefficients
- residuals: The residuals of the model (fitted innovations)
- · compare:
 - variance.coef The matrix of the estimated variance of the coefficients
 - resid.variance The MLE of the innovations variance
 - not.used.obs The number of not used observations for the fitting
 - used.obs the number of used observations for the fitting
 - loglik The maximized log-likelihood (of the differenced data), or the approximation to it used
 - aic The AIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
 - bic The BIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
 - aicc The second-order Akaike Information Criterion corresponding to the log-likelihood

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis

See Also

```
ts.analysis, Arima
```

Examples

```
ts.non.seas.model(Athens_draft_ts)
```

14 ts.seasonal.decomp

ts.seasonal.decomp Decomposition of seasonal time series

Description

Decomposition of seasonal time series data using stlm from forecast package. This function is used internally in ts.analysis.

Usage

```
ts.seasonal.decomp(tsdata, tojson = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tsdata The input univariate seasonal time series data

tojson If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

Decomposition of seasonal time series data through arima models is based on stlm from forecast package and returns a list with useful parameters for OBEU.

Value

A list with the following components:

- stl.plot:
 - trend: The estimated trend component
 - seasonal: The estimated seasonal component
 - remainder: The estimated remainder component
 - time: The time of the series was sampled
- stl.general:
 - model.summary The summary object of the arima model to use in forecast if needed
 - stl.win: An integer vector of length 3 indicating the spans used for the "s", "t", and "l" smoothers
 - stl.degree: An integer vector of length 3 indicating the polynomial degrees for these smoothers
- residuals_fitted:
 - residuals: The residuals of the model (fitted innovations)
 - fitted: The model's fitted values
 - time the time of tsdata
 - line The y=0 line
- compare:
 - arima.order: The Arima order

ts.seasonal.model 15

- arima.coef: A vector of AR, MA and regression coefficients
- arima.coef.se: The standard error of the coefficients
- covariance.coef: The matrix of the estimated variance of the coefficients
- resid.variance: The MLE of the innovations variance
- not.used.obs: The number of not used observations for the fitting
- used.obs: the number of used observations for the fitting
- loglik: The maximized log-likelihood (of the differenced data), or the approximation to it used
- aic: The AIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
- bic: The BIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
- aicc: The second-order Akaike Information Criterion corresponding to the log-likelihood

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis

See Also

```
ts.analysis, stlm
```

ts.seasonal.model

Model fit of seasonal time series

Description

Model fit of seasonal time series

Usage

```
ts.seasonal.model(tsdata, x.ord = NULL, tojson = FALSE)
```

Arguments

tsdata	The input univariate seasonal time series data
x.ord	An integer vector of length 3 specifying the order of the Arima model
tojson	If TRUE the results are returned in json format, default returns a list

Details

Model fit of seasonal time series using arima models of seasonal time series data. The model with the lowest AIC value is selected for forecasts.

16 ts.seasonal.model

Value

A list with the following components:

- model.summary:
 - ts_model The summary model details returned as Arima object for internal use in ts.analysis function
- model:
 - ts_model
 - arima.order The Arima order
 - arima.coef A vector of AR, MA and regression coefficients
 - arima.coef.se The standard error of the coefficients
- residuals_fitted:
 - residuals The residuals of the model (fitted innovations)
 - fitted The model's fitted values
 - time the time of tsdata
 - line The y=0 line
- compare:
 - variance.coef The matrix of the estimated variance of the coefficients
 - resid.variance The MLE of the innovations variance
 - not.used.obs The number of not used observations for the fitting
 - used.obs the number of used observations for the fitting
 - loglik The maximized log-likelihood (of the differenced data), or the approximation to it used
 - aic The AIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
 - bic The BIC value corresponding to the log-likelihood
 - aicc The second-order Akaike Information Criterion corresponding to the log-likelihood

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis

See Also

ts.analysis, Arima

ts.stationary.test 17

ts.stationary.test

Stationarity testing

Description

This functions tests the stationarity of the input time series data.

Usage

```
ts.stationary.test(tsdata)
```

Arguments

tsdata

The input univariate time series data

Details

This function tests the deterministic and stochastic trend of the input time series data. This function uses ACF and PACF functions from forecast package, Phillips Perron test, Augmented Dickey Fuller (ADF) test, Kwiatkowski Phillips Schmidt Shin (KPSS) test, from tseries package and Mann Kendall test for Monotonic Trend Cox Stuart trend test from trend package.

Phillips Perron test tests the null hypothesis of whether a unit root is present in a time series sample, against a stationary alternative. The truncation lag parameter is set to $trunc(4*(n/100)^0.25)$, where n the length of the in input time series data

Augmented Dickey Fuller (ADF) test, tests the null hypothesis of whether a unit root is present in a time series sample. The truncation lag parameter is set to $trunc((n-1)^{\Lambda}(1/3)))$, where n the length of the input time series data

Kwiatkowski Phillips Schmidt Shin (KPSS) test, tests a null hypothesis that an observable time series is stationary around a deterministic trend (i.e. trend stationary) against the alternative of a unit root. The truncation lag parameter is set to trunc(3*sqrt(n)/13), where n the length of the input time series data

The non parametric Mann Kendall test is used to detect monotonic trends. The null hypothesis, H0, is that the data come from a population with independent realizations and are identically distributed. The alternative hypothesis, HA, is that the data follow a monotonic trend.

The Cox Stuart test is a modified sign test. The null hypothesis, H0, is that the input time series assumed to be independent against the fact that there is a time dependent trend (monotonic trend).

Value

A string indicating if the time series is stationary or non stationary for internal use in ts.analysis.

Author(s)

Kleanthis Koupidis, Charalampos Bratsas

18 ts.stationary.test

References

tseries, trend

See Also

```
ts. analysis, Acf, Pacf, pp. test, adf. test, kpss. test, mk. test, cs. test\\
```

Examples

 $ts.stationary.test(Athens_approved_ts)$

Index

```
Acf, 7, 18
adf.test, 18
Arima, 13, 16
Athens_approved_ts, 2
Athens_draft_ts, 3
Athens_executed_ts, 3
Athens_reserved_ts, 4
{\tt Athens\_revised\_ts}, {\tt 4}
cs.test, 18
forecast, 10
kpss.test, 18
locfit, 12
mk.test, 18
open_spending.ts, 5
Pacf, 7, 18
pp. test, 18
predict.locfit, 12
stlm, 15
ts.acf, 6, 9
ts.analysis, 5, 7, 7, 10, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18
ts.forecast, 7, 9, 10
ts.non.seas.decomp, 7, 9, 11
ts.non.seas.model, 7, 9, 12
ts.seasonal.decomp, 7, 9, 14
ts.seasonal.model, 7, 9, 15
ts.stationary.test, 7, 9, 17
```