

# Package ‘adw’

October 12, 2022

## Title Angular Distance Weighting Interpolation

Version 0.2.1

## Description

The irregularly-spaced data are interpolated onto regular latitude-longitude grids by weighting each station according to its distance and angle from the center of a search radius.

License: GPL-3

## Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://github.com/PanfengZhang/adw>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/PanfengZhang/adw/issues>

**Imports** terra, geosphere, methods

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.1

### NeedsCompilation no

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adw

*Angular Distance Weighting Interpolation.***Description**

The irregularly-spaced data are interpolated onto regular latitude-longitude grids by weighting each station according to its distance and angle from the center of a search radius.

**Usage**

```
adw(
  ds,
  extent = NULL,
  gridsize = 1,
  cdd = 1e+06,
  m = 4,
  nmin = 3,
  nmax = 10,
  maskON = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <code>ds</code>       | a input dataframe which contains the column names of lon, lat, value.   |
| <code>extent</code>   | a extent numeric vector of length 4 in the order c(xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax); or a SpatVector polygons object, assume that the coordinate reference system is WGS1984 (EPSG: 4326); if extent is a NULL value (i.e. no extent is inputted), the extent vector will be calculated from the input data. |
| <code>gridsize</code> | the grid size (resolution). units: degree.  |
| <code>cdd</code>      | correlation decay distance, i.e. the maximum search radius. unit: meter. default value: 1e6.  |
| <code>m</code>        | is used to adjust the weighting function further, higher values of m increase the rate at which the weight decays with distance. default value 4.   |
| <code>nmin</code>     | the minimum number of observation points required to interpolate a grid within the search radius (i.e. cdd); if the number of stations within the search radius (cdd) is less than nmin, a missing value will be generated to fill this grid. default value 3.                                      |
| <code>nmax</code>     | The number of nearest points within the search radius to use for interpolation. default value 10.   |
| <code>maskON</code>   | Logical value; whether to mask (remove) grids that are outside the SpatVector polygon (extent). default TRUE. Parameter 'maskON' only works when the class of parameter 'extent' is 'SpatVector'.   |

**Value**

a regular latitude-longitude dataframe grid (interpolated values).

## References

Ceser, J., L. Alexander, and R. Vose, 2006: Large-scale changes in observed daily maximum and minimum temperatures: Creation and analysis of a new gridded data set. *Journal of Geophysical Research*, 111, <https://doi.org/10.1029/2005JD006280>.

## Examples

```
set.seed(2)
dd <- data.frame(lon = runif(100, min = 110, max = 117),
                  lat = runif(100, min = 31, max = 37),
                  value = runif(100, min = -10, max = 10))
head(dd)

# example 1
grd <- adw(dd, extent = c(110, 117, 31, 37), gridsize = 0.5, cdd = 1e5)
head(grd)

# example 2
urlmap <- "https://geo.datav.aliyun.com/areas_v3/bound/410000.json"
hmap <- terra::vect(urlmap) # return a 'SpatVector' object.
grd <- adw(dd, extent = hmap, gridsize = 0.5, cdd = 1e5)
head(grd)
```

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