Package 'bayesmix'

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Title Bayesian Mixture Models with JAGS
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Imports graphics, stats, methods, rjags (>= 2.1.0), coda (>= 0.13)
Description Fits finite mixture models of univariate Gaussian distributions using JAGS within a Bayesian framework.
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BMMdiag	Plot Identifiability Diagnostics for jags Object

Description

Two different plots are currently provided: a plot of different variables against each other and a plot of the same variable against its values in the other classes.

Usage

Arguments

object	a jags object with model of class BMMmodel.
which	if only one of the plots is required, specify its number.
variables	if variables is missing, the names are taken from the jags object.
ask	prompt user before each page of plots
fct1	string: name of transformation function for variable on x-axis.
fct2	string: name of transformation function for variable on y-axis.
xlim	if no range for xlim is specified, a sensible range is taken.
ylim	if no range for ylim is specified, a sensible range is taken.
auto.layout	logical: if TRUE puts each of the two different plots on one figure.
caption	captions to appear above the plots.
main	title to each plot (in addition to the above 'caption').
•••	further graphical parameters (see 'plot.xy' and 'par') may also be supplied as arguments.

Details

The plots help determining which variable will induce a unique labelling when taken for ordering of the segments and indicate if the model is overfitted by specifying too many segments.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

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BMMmodel Creates bugs model.

Description

Creates the BUGS-model specification and return the values for the initialization, the prior specification and the observations.

Usage

Arguments

y a numeric vector.

k integer indicating the number of segments.

priors specification of priors by a named list or a BMMpriors object.

inits specification of initial values by a named list or string indicating the function to

be called.

aprioriWeights specification of prior of the a-priori weights. If aprioriWeights does not have

length = k, there is an equal prior for the a-priori weights assumed.

no.empty.classes

logical: should it be prevented that empty classes arise during sampling.

restrict one of "none", "mu", "tau".

... further parameters for the function specified in inits.

Details

By default the function initsFS is called for generating initial values. Any other function specified by inits is assumed to have at least x, k and restrict as input parameters.

The parameter restrict indicates if a location-shift model ("tau"), a scale contaminated model ("mu") or a model where both variables vary over components shall be fitted.

If the logical no.empty.classes is TRUE there are observations added to the model that the classes are not empty. This signifies that the likelihood when sampling the class affiliations is changed thus that any data point which is sampled and is the last one in its class stays there.

Value

If y is specified an object of class BMMmodel is returned with components:

inits named list. data named list.

bugs text for .bug-file with prefix missing.

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If y is missing an object of class BMMsetup is returned containing the parameter specifications. When JAGScall is called with this object as model argument, BMMmodel is called with y and the other parameters as input arguments before calling JAGS.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

```
JAGSrun, initsFS
```

Examples

BMMposteriori

Plots aposteriori probabilities of data points

Description

Given a jags object with model of class BMMmodel the aposteriori probabilities are determined. If plot=TRUE, the resulting object of class BMMposteriori is plotted.

Usage

Arguments

object a jags object with model of class BMMmodel.

class a vector of integers indicating for which classes the posterior probabilities shall

be plotted. The default is all.

caption captions to appear above the plots.

plot logical indicating if a plot shall be made.

auto.layout logical: if TRUE puts all classes in the posterior probabilities plot on the same

figure.

... further graphical parameters may also be supplied as arguments.

Details

Given a jags object with model of class BMMmodel the a posteriori probabilities are calculated for the unique data points with respect to the components specified by class.

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Value

There is a BMMposteriori object returned which is a list including the following components

data vector of unique data points.

post a matrix including the posteriori probability of the data points for each class.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

plot.BMMposteriori

BMMpriors

Creates a 'BMMpriors' object

Description

This function enables a comfortable creation of BMMpriors objects, which can be used for specifying the priors of a BMMmodel.

Usage

```
BMMpriors(specification, y, eps = 10^{-16})
```

Arguments

specification named list including kind, parameter, hierarchical and mod.

y a numeric vector.

eps a numeric value indicating the smallest value for flat priors.

Details

In specification kind can be used for specifying if an "independent" or a "conditionally conjugate" prior shall be used. parameter can be a named list of values for the prior variables or a function name (e.g., "priorsUncertain", "priorsFish", "priorsRaftery"). hierarchical can be NULL or "tau" if a hierarchical prior shall be taken for τ . mod is a named list which provides the possibility to override the values from parameter.

Value

There is an object BMMpriors returned with components

name vector indicating which kind of prior is specified and if it is an hierarchical prior

and if appropriate with respect to which variable.

var list of variables in the prior and their specified values.

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Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

Examples

```
data("fish", package = "bayesmix")
priors <- BMMpriors(y = fish)</pre>
```

darwin

Differences in heights between plants

Description

A numeric vector containing 15 observations of differences in heights between pairs of self-fertilized and cross-fertilized plants grown in the same condition.

Usage

```
data(darwin)
```

Format

A numeric vector of length 15.

Details

Darwin's data set contains two extremely small values. Therefore, this data set can be used for outlier modelling.

Source

Abraham, B. and G. Box (1978) Linear models and spurious observations. *Applied Statistics*, **27**, 131–8.

Examples

fish 7

fish

Fish length data

Description

A numeric vector containing 256 observations of fish lengths.

Usage

```
data(fish)
```

Format

A numeric vector of length 256.

Details

This data set can be used for modeling unobserved heterogeneity, as it can be assumed that underlying categories present in the data are the age groups to which the fish belong.

Source

D. M. Titterington, A. F. M. Smith and U.E. Makov (1985) *Statistical Analysis of Finite Mixture Distributions*. Wiley.

Examples

```
data("fish", package = "bayesmix")
ss <- seq(-3, 13, by = 0.01)
hist(fish[[1]], 20, freq = FALSE, main = "Fish data")
lines(ss, dnorm(ss, mean(fish[[1]]), sd(fish[[1]])), col = "red")</pre>
```

initsFS

create initial values

Description

Initial values for nodes are created after the suggestion in Sylvia Fruehwirth-Schnatter's book.

Usage

```
initsFS(x, k, restrict, initialValues = list())
```

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Arguments

x a numeric vector.k number of segments.

initial Values additional initial values specifications.

restrict one of "none", "mu", "tau".

Details

The initial values for μ are determined by the quantiles of the data, those for η give equal weight on each segment and those for τ are equal for all segments and estimated by the inverse of the IQR of the data divided by 1.34 and squared.

Value

A list with initial values for the parameter indicated by the name of the respective list element is returned.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

JAGScall Calls jags

Description

Using functionality from package rjags the JAGS model is created and posterior draws are sampled.

Usage

```
JAGScall(model, y, prefix, control, ...)
```

Arguments

model JAGSmodel object or output from BMMmodel.

y a numeric vector.

prefix character: prefix for .bug-file.
control named list or JAGScontrol object.

... additional parameters handed over to BMMmodel.

Value

Returns a "jags" object.

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Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

JAGSrun

JAGScontrol

Control parameters for the sampling.

Description

The information on the number of burn-in draws and monitored draws is specified. Furthermore, it includes the information which variables shall be monitored and possibly a seed and a random number generator (RNG).

Usage

Arguments

variables names of variables which shall be monitored.

n.iter number of monitored draws.

thin thinning interval.

burn.in number of discarded burn-in draws. seed integer setting the seed for the RNG.

rng specification of RNG.

Value

An object of class JAGScontrol is returned which is a list containing the specified information.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

JAGSrun

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Examples

```
control <- JAGScontrol(variables = "mu")
control</pre>
```

JAGSrun

MCMC sampling of Bayesian models

Description

Calls jags for MCMC sampling.

Usage

Arguments

y a numeric vector.

prefix character: prefix for .bug-file.

model object of class JAGSmodel or output from BMMmodel. control specification of control by a JAGScontrol object.

tmp logical: shall the files be written in a temporary directory.

cleanup logical: shall the created files be removed.

yname a character string with the actual y argument name.

... further parameters handed over to BMMmodel where it is used for the function

specifying the initial values, e.g., initsFS.

Details

This function is a wrapper calling JAGScall.

Value

Returns a jags object with components

call the matched call.

results results read in from "jags.out" if run was successful or from "jags.dump" if an

error occurred.

model a JAGSmodel object.

variables vector containing the names of the monitored variables.

data a numeric vector.

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Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

```
JAGScall, BMMmodel, initsFS
```

Examples

```
data("fish", package = "bayesmix")
prefix <- "fish"</pre>
variables <- c("mu","tau","eta")</pre>
k <- 3
modelFish <- BMMmodel(k = k, priors = list(kind = "independence",</pre>
                       parameter = "priorsFish", hierarchical = "tau"))
controlFish <- JAGScontrol(variables = c(variables, "S"), n.iter = 100)</pre>
z1 <- JAGSrun(fish, prefix, model = modelFish, initialValues = list(S0 = 2),
               control = controlFish, cleanup = TRUE, tmp = FALSE)
zSort <- Sort(z1, "mu")</pre>
BMMposteriori(zSort)
data("darwin", package = "bayesmix")
prefix <- "darwin"</pre>
k <- 2
modelDarwin <- BMMmodel(k = k, priors = list(kind = "independence",</pre>
                         parameter = "priorsUncertain"),
                         aprioriWeights = c(1, 15),
                         no.empty.classes = TRUE, restrict = "tau")
z2 <- JAGSrun(darwin, prefix, model = modelDarwin, control =</pre>
               JAGScontrol(variables = variables, n.iter = 3000,
              burn.in = 1000), cleanup = TRUE, tmp = FALSE)
plot(z2, variables = "mu")
```

plot.BMMposteriori

Plots a posteriori probabilities of data points

Description

Plot method for object of class BMMposteriori, typically called by BMMposteriori.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'BMMposteriori'
plot(x, caption, main = "", ...)
```

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Arguments

x a BMMposteriori object.

caption captions to appear above the plots.

main title to each plot-in addition to the above caption.

... further graphical parameters may also be supplied as arguments.

Details

This function is called by BMMposteriori if plot = TRUE.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

BMMposteriori

plot.jags

Plot jags Object

Description

Plots mcmc chains of a jags object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'jags'
plot(x, variables = NULL, trace = TRUE, density = TRUE,
    smooth = TRUE, bwf, num, xlim, auto.layout = TRUE,
    ask = interactive(), ...)
```

Arguments

x a jags object.

variables names of variables which shall be plotted. Default are all names of results except

those with a column dimension larger than the number of classes k.

trace plot trace of each variable.

density plot density estimate of each variable.

smooth draw a smooth line through trace plots.

bwf bandwidth function for density plots.

num if not all classes of a variable shall be plotted, a subset can be specified.

xlim if not specified, the range of each variable over all classes is taken as default.

auto.layout automatically generate output format.ask prompt user before each page of plots.further arguments for densityplot.

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Details

Adapted from plot.mcmc.

Currently only implemented for jags objects with model of class BMMmodel. Otherwise the default plot method for the results of the jags object is called (plot.mcmc).

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

See Also

```
plot.mcmc, BMMdiag, BMMposteriori
```

priors

Creates list of prior specifications

Description

Given the data values for the priors are determined.

Usage

```
priorsFish(y, eps = 10^-16)
priorsRaftery(y)
priorsUncertain(y, eps = 10^-16)
```

Arguments

y a numeric vector.

eps a numeric value indicating the smallest value for flat priors.

Details

Values for the prior parameter b0, B0, nu0 and S0 are determined.

Value

There is a list returned with named components of the prior parameters.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

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randomPermutation

Randomly permute segments for MCMC draws

Description

Random permutation of segment labels for each draw in order to get a better estimate of the unrestricted likelihood.

Usage

```
randomPermutation(x)
```

Arguments

Х

a jags object with model of class BMMmodel.

Details

The draws are permuted with respect to the different classes k.

Value

The input object with permuted results for each draw is returned.

Warning

Any variables where there are neither k different chains nor only one chain observed are dropped.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

Sort

Sorts MCMC chains according to certain variables

Description

Ascending sorting of results of jags object with model of class BMMmodel with respect to a given variable.

Usage

```
Sort(x, by = NULL)
```

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Arguments

x a jags object with model of class BMMmodel.

by variable name according to which the segments shall be ordered.

Details

If by is not specified, the first variable in the corresponding vector of the jags object is taken.

Value

The input object with results sorted in ascending order according to the variable given in by is returned.

Warning

If there arise problems, the original object is returned with a warning.

Author(s)

Bettina Gruen

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