

Package ‘funkyheatmap’

January 13, 2023

Title Generating Funky Heatmaps for Data Frames

Description Allows generating heatmap-like visualisations for benchmark data frames. Funky heatmaps can be fine-tuned by providing annotations of the columns and rows, which allows assigning multiple palettes or geometries or grouping rows and columns together in categories.

Saelens et al. (2019) <[doi:10.1038/s41587-019-0071-9](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-019-0071-9)>.

Version 0.2.0

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.2

Imports assertthat, cli, cowplot, dplyr, dynutils, ggforce, ggplot2,
grDevices, jsonlite, purrr, RColorBrewer, Rdpack, stringr,
tibble, tidyverse

Suggests kableExtra, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

VignetteBuilder knitr

RdMacros Rdpack

Depends R (>= 2.10)

LazyData true

URL <https://funkyheatmap.dynverse.org>,
<https://github.com/dynverse/funkyheatmap>

BugReports <https://github.com/dynverse/funkyheatmap/issues>

Config/testthat.edition 3

NeedsCompilation no

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R topics documented:

dynbenchmark_data	2
funky_heatmap	2
verify_column_groups	5
verify_column_info	7
verify_data	8
verify_palettes	9
verify_row_groups	11
verify_row_info	12

Index

14

dynbenchmark_data *The results data frame from dynbenchmark.*

Description

This data was generated by running the `data-raw/dynbenchmark_data.R` script. It is used in the vignette named `"vignette("dynbenchmark")"` to regenerate the results figures in Saelens et al. 2019.

Usage

`dynbenchmark_data`

Format

An object of class `list` of length 6.

References

Saelens W, Cannoodt R, Todorov H, Saeys Y (2019). “A comparison of single-cell trajectory inference methods.” *Nature Biotechnology*. doi: [10.1038/s4158701900719](https://doi.org/10.1038/s4158701900719).

funky_heatmap *Generate a funky heatmaps for benchmarks*

Description

Allows generating heatmap-like visualisations for benchmark data frames. Funky heatmaps can be fine-tuned by providing annotations of the columns and rows, which allows assigning multiple palettes or geometries or grouping rows and columns together in categories.

Usage

```
funky_heatmap(  
  data,  
  column_info = NULL,  
  row_info = NULL,  
  column_groups = NULL,  
  row_groups = NULL,  
  palettes = NULL,  
  scale_column = TRUE,  
  add_abc = TRUE,  
  col_annot_offset = 3,  
  row_annot_offset = 0.5,  
  removed_entries = NULL,  
  expand = c(xmin = 0, xmax = 2, ymin = 0, ymax = 0)  
)
```

Arguments

data	A data frame with items by row and features in the columns. Must contain one column named "id".
column_info	A data frame describing which columns in data to plot. This data frame should contain the following columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• id (character): The corresponding column name in data.• name (character): A label for the column. If NA or "", no label will be plotted. If this column is missing, id will be used to generate the name column.• geom (character): The geom of the column. Must be one of: "funkyrrect", "circle", "rect", "bar", "pie", or "text". For "text", the corresponding column in data must be a character. For "pie", the column must be a list of named numeric vectors. For all other geoms, the column must be a numeric.• group (character): The grouping id of each column, must match with column_groups\$group. If this column is missing or all values are NA, columns are assumed not to be grouped.• palette (character): Which palette to colour the geom by. Each value should have a matching value in palettes\$palette.• width: Custom width for this column (default: 1).• overlay: Whether to overlay this column over the previous column. If so, the width of that column will be inherited.• legend: Whether or not to add a legend for this column.• hjust: Horizontal alignment of the bar, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "bar").• hjust: Horizontal alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "text").• vjust: Vertical alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "text").

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • size: Size of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for <code>geom = "text"</code>). • label: Which column to use as a label (only for <code>geom = "text"</code>). • options (list or json): Any of the options above. Any values in this column will be spread across the other columns. This is useful for not having to provide a data frame with 1000s of columns. This column can be a json string.
<code>row_info</code>	A data frame describing the rows of <code>data</code> . This data should contain two columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • id (character): Corresponds to the column <code>data\$id</code>. • group (character): The group of the row. If all are NA, the rows will not be split up into groups.
<code>column_groups</code>	A data frame describing of how to group the columns in <code>column_info</code> . Can consist of the following columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • group (character): The corresponding group in <code>column_info\$group</code>. • palette (character, optional): The palette used to colour the column group backgrounds. • level1 (character): The label at the highest level. • level2 (character, optional): The label at the middle level. • level3 (character, optional): The label at the lowest level (not recommended).
<code>row_groups</code>	A data frame describing of how to group the rows in <code>row_info</code> . Can consist of the following columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • group (character): The corresponding group in <code>row_info\$group</code>. • level1 (character): The label at the highest level. • level2 (character, optional): The label at the middle level. • level3 (character, optional): The label at the lowest level (not recommended).
<code>palettes</code>	A named list of palettes. Each entry in <code>column_info\$palette</code> should have an entry in this object. If an entry is missing, the type of the column will be inferred (categorical or numerical) and one of the default palettes will be applied. Alternatively, the name of one of the standard palette names can be used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • numerical: "Greys", "Blues", "Reds", "YlOrBr", "Greens" • categorical: "Set3", "Set1", "Set2", "Dark2"
<code>scale_column</code>	Whether or not to apply min-max scaling to each numerical column.
<code>add_abc</code>	Whether or not to add subfigure labels to the different columns groups.
<code>col_annot_offset</code>	How much the column annotation will be offset by.
<code>row_annot_offset</code>	How much the row annotation will be offset by.
<code>removed_entries</code>	Which methods to not show in the rows. Missing methods are replaced by a "Not shown" label.
<code>expand</code>	A list of directions to expand the plot in.

Value

A ggplot. .\\$width and .\\$height are suggested dimensions for storing the plot with [ggsave\(\)](#).

Examples

```
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
library(tibble, warn.conflicts = FALSE)

data("mtcars")

data <- mtcars %>%
  rownames_to_column("id")
```

verify_column_groups *Verify the integrity of the column groups object*

Description

Verify the integrity of the column groups object

Usage

```
verify_column_groups(column_groups, column_info)
```

Arguments

column_groups A data frame describing of how to group the columns in column_info. Can consist of the following columns:

- group (character): The corresponding group in column_info\$group.
- palette (character, optional): The palette used to colour the column group backgrounds.
- level1 (character): The label at the highest level.
- level2 (character, optional): The label at the middle level.
- level3 (character, optional): The label at the lowest level (not recommended).

column_info A data frame describing which columns in data to plot. This data frame should contain the following columns:

- id (character): The corresponding column name in data.
- name (character): A label for the column. If NA or "", no label will be plotted. If this column is missing, id will be used to generate the name column.
- geom(character): The geom of the column. Must be one of: "funkyrect", "circle", "rect", "bar", "pie", or "text". For "text", the corresponding column in data must be a character. For "pie", the column must be a list of named numeric vectors. For all other geoms, the column must be a numeric.

- **group** (character): The grouping id of each column, must match with `column_groups$group`. If this column is missing or all values are NA, columns are assumed not to be grouped.
- **palette** (character): Which palette to colour the geom by. Each value should have a matching value in `palettes$palette`.
- **width**: Custom width for this column (default: 1).
- **overlay**: Whether to overlay this column over the previous column. If so, the width of that column will be inherited.
- **legend**: Whether or not to add a legend for this column.
- **hjust**: Horizontal alignment of the bar, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "bar"`).
- **hjust**: Horizontal alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "text"`).
- **vjust**: Vertical alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "text"`).
- **size**: Size of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "text"`).
- **label**: Which column to use as a label (only for `geom = "text"`).
- **options** (list or json): Any of the options above. Any values in this column will be spread across the other columns. This is useful for not having to provide a data frame with 1000s of columns. This column can be a json string.

Value

The column groups object with all expected columns.

Examples

```
library(tibble)
column_groups <- tribble(
  ~group, ~level1,
  "foo", "Foo",
  "bar", "Bar"
)
column_info <- tribble(
  ~id, ~geom, ~group,
  "name", "text", NA_character_,
  "foo1", "funkyrect", "foo",
  "foo2", "funkyrect", "foo",
  "bar1", "funkyrect", "bar",
  "bar2", "funkyrect", "bar"
)
verify_column_groups(column_groups, column_info)
```

verify_column_info	<i>Verify the integrity of the column info object</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Verify the integrity of the column info object

Usage

```
verify_column_info(column_info, data)
```

Arguments

column_info	A data frame describing which columns in data to plot. This data frame should contain the following columns:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• id (character): The corresponding column name in data.• name (character): A label for the column. If NA or "", no label will be plotted. If this column is missing, id will be used to generate the name column.• geom(character): The geom of the column. Must be one of: "funkyrrect", "circle", "rect", "bar", "pie", or "text". For "text", the corresponding column in data must be a character. For "pie", the column must be a list of named numeric vectors. For all other geoms, the column must be a numeric.• group (character): The grouping id of each column, must match with column_groups\$group. If this column is missing or all values are NA, columns are assumed not to be grouped.• palette (character): Which palette to colour the geom by. Each value should have a matching value in palettes\$palette.• width: Custom width for this column (default: 1).• overlay: Whether to overlay this column over the previous column. If so, the width of that column will be inherited.• legend: Whether or not to add a legend for this column.• hjust: Horizontal alignment of the bar, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "bar").• hjust: Horizontal alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "text").• vjust: Vertical alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "text").• size: Size of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for geom = "text").• label: Which column to use as a label (only for geom = "text").• options (list or json): Any of the options above. Any values in this column will be spread across the other columns. This is useful for not having to provide a data frame with 1000s of columns. This column can be a json string.

data A data frame with items by row and features in the columns. Must contain one column named "id".

Value

The column info object with all expected columns.

Examples

```
library(tibble)
data <- tribble(
  ~id, ~name, ~x, ~y,
  "foo", "Foo", 0.5, 0.7,
  "bar", "Bar", 1.0, 0.1
)
column_info <- tribble(
  ~id, ~geom,
  "name", "text",
  "x", "funkyrect",
  "y", "funkyrect"
)
verify_column_info(column_info, data)
```

verify_data *Verify the integrity of the data object*

Description

Verify the integrity of the data object

Usage

```
verify_data(data)
```

Arguments

data A data frame with items by row and features in the columns. Must contain one column named "id".

Value

A verified data object

Examples

```
library(tibble)
data <- tribble(
  ~id, ~name, ~x, ~y,
  "foo", "Foo", 0.5, 0.7,
  "bar", "Bar", 1.0, 0.1
)
verify_data(data)
```

<code>verify_palettes</code>	<i>Verify the integrity of the palettes object</i>
------------------------------	--

Description

Verify the integrity of the palettes object

Usage

```
verify_palettes(palettes, column_info, data)
```

Arguments

<code>palettes</code>	A named list of palettes. Each entry in <code>column_info\$palette</code> should have an entry in this object. If an entry is missing, the type of the column will be inferred (categorical or numerical) and one of the default palettes will be applied. Alternatively, the name of one of the standard palette names can be used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • numerical: "Greys", "Blues", "Reds", "YlOrBr", "Greens" • categorical: "Set3", "Set1", "Set2", "Dark2"
<code>column_info</code>	A data frame describing which columns in <code>data</code> to plot. This data frame should contain the following columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>id</code> (character): The corresponding column name in <code>data</code>. • <code>name</code> (character): A label for the column. If NA or "", no label will be plotted. If this column is missing, <code>id</code> will be used to generate the name column. • <code>geom</code> (character): The geom of the column. Must be one of: "funkyrect", "circle", "rect", "bar", "pie", or "text". For "text", the corresponding column in <code>data</code> must be a character. For "pie", the column must be a list of named numeric vectors. For all other geoms, the column must be a numeric. • <code>group</code> (character): The grouping id of each column, must match with <code>column_groups\$group</code>. If this column is missing or all values are NA, columns are assumed not to be grouped. • <code>palette</code> (character): Which palette to colour the geom by. Each value should have a matching value in <code>palettes\$palette</code>. • <code>width</code>: Custom width for this column (default: 1).

- `overlay`: Whether to overlay this column over the previous column. If so, the width of that column will be inherited.
- `legend`: Whether or not to add a legend for this column.
- `hjust`: Horizontal alignment of the bar, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "bar"`).
- `hjust`: Horizontal alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "text"`).
- `vjust`: Vertical alignment of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "text"`).
- `size`: Size of the label, must be between [0,1] (only for `geom = "text"`).
- `label`: Which column to use as a label (only for `geom = "text"`).
- `options (list or json)`: Any of the options above. Any values in this column will be spread across the other columns. This is useful for not having to provide a data frame with 1000s of columns. This column can be a json string.

`data` A data frame with items by row and features in the columns. Must contain one column named "id".

Value

The palettes object with all expected columns.

Examples

```
library(tibble)
library(grDevices)
library(RColorBrewer)

# explicit form
data <- tribble(
  ~id, ~name, ~x, ~y,
  "foo", "Foo", 0.5, 0.7,
  "bar", "Bar", 1.0, 0.1
)
column_info <- tribble(
  ~id, ~geom, ~palette,
  "name", "text", NA,
  "foo", "funkyrect", "pal1",
  "bar", "funkyrect", "pal2"
)
palettes <- list(
  pal1 = rev(brewer.pal(9, "Greys")[-1]),
  pal2 = rev(brewer.pal(9, "Reds")[-8:-9])
)
verify_palettes(palettes, column_info, data)

# implicit palettes
palettes <- list(
  pal1 = "Greys",
  pal2 = "Reds"
```

```

)
verify_palettes(palettes, column_info, data)

# passing a tibble should also work (for backwards compatibility)
palettes <- tribble(
  ~palette, ~colours,
  "pal1", rev(brewer.pal(9, "Greys")[-1]),
  "pal2", rev(brewer.pal(9, "Reds")[-8:-9])
)
verify_palettes(palettes, column_info, data)

```

verify_row_groups*Verify the integrity of the row groups object***Description**

Verify the integrity of the row groups object

Usage

```
verify_row_groups(row_groups, row_info)
```

Arguments

`row_groups` A data frame describing of how to group the rows in `row_info`. Can consist of the following columns:

- `group` (character): The corresponding group in `row_info$group`.
- `level1` (character): The label at the highest level.
- `level2` (character, optional): The label at the middle level.
- `level3` (character, optional): The label at the lowest level (not recommended).

`row_info` A data frame describing the rows of data. This data should contain two columns:

- `id` (character): Corresponds to the column `data$id`.
- `group` (character): The group of the row. If all are NA, the rows will not be split up into groups.

Value

The row groups object with all expected rows.

Examples

```
library(tibble)
row_groups <- tribble(
  ~group, ~level1,
  "foo", "Foo",
  "bar", "Bar"
```

```

)
row_info <- tribble(
  ~id, ~group,
  "name", NA_character_,
  "foo1", "foo",
  "foo2", "foo",
  "bar1", "bar",
  "bar2", "bar"
)
verify_row_groups(row_groups, row_info)

```

verify_row_info *Verify the integrity of the row info object*

Description

Verify the integrity of the row info object

Usage

```
verify_row_info(row_info, data)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------|---|
| row_info | A data frame describing the rows of data. This data should contain two columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • id (character): Corresponds to the column data\$id. • group (character): The group of the row. If all are NA, the rows will not be split up into groups. |
| data | A data frame with items by row and features in the columns. Must contain one column named "id". |

Value

The row info object with all expected columns.

Examples

```

library(tibble)
data <- tribble(
  ~id, ~name, ~x, ~y,
  "foo1", "Foo1", 0.5, 0.7,
  "foo2", "Foo2", 0.5, 0.8,
  "bar1", "Bar1", 1.0, 0.2,
  "bar2", "Bar2", 1.0, 0.1
)
row_info <- tribble(
  ~id, ~group,
  "foo1", "foo",
  "foo2", "foo",

```

verify_row_info

13

```
"bar1", "bar",
"bar2", "bar"
)
verify_row_info(row_info, data)
```

Index

- * **datasets**
 - dynbenchmark_data, [2](#)
 - dynbenchmark_data, [2](#)
 - funky_heatmap, [2](#)
 - ggsave(), [5](#)
- verify_column_groups, [5](#)
- verify_column_info, [7](#)
- verify_data, [8](#)
- verify_palettes, [9](#)
- verify_row_groups, [11](#)
- verify_row_info, [12](#)