Package 'highs'

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Type Package Title 'HiGHS' Optimization Solver Version 0.1-6 Description R interface to 'HiGHS', an optimization solver for solving mixed integer optimization problems with quadratic or linear objective and linear constraints. License GPL (>= 2) Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.7), checkmate SystemRequirements Bash, PkgConfig, CMAKE (>=3.16), C++11 URL https://gitlab.com/roigrp/solver/highs BugReports https://gitlab.com/roigrp/solver/highs/-/issues Suggests tinytest **Biarch** FALSE LinkingTo Rcpp RoxygenNote 7.2.1 **Encoding** UTF-8 NeedsCompilation yes Author Florian Schwendinger [aut, cre], Dirk Schumacher [aut], Julian Hall [cph], Ivet Galabova [cph], Leona Gottwald [cph], Michael Feldmeier [cph] Maintainer Florian Schwendinger <FlorianSchwendinger@gmx.at> **Repository** CRAN Date/Publication 2022-12-15 10:40:02 UTC

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highs_available_solver_options Available Solver Options

Description

Reference for the available solver options.

Usage

highs_available_solver_options()

Value

A data. frame containing the available solver options.

Examples

highs_available_solver_options()

highs_solve Solve an Optimization Problems

Description

Solve linear and quadratic mixed integer optimization problems.

Usage

```
highs_solve(
  Q = NULL,
  L,
  lower,
  upper,
  A,
  lhs,
  rhs,
  types,
  maximum = FALSE,
  offset = 0,
  control = list(),
  dry_run = FALSE
)
```

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highs_solve

Arguments

Q	a numeric symmetric matrix giving the quadratic part of the objective.
L	a numeric vector giving the linear part of the objective function.
lower	a numeric vector giving the lower bounds of the variables.
upper	a numeric vector giving the upper bounds of the variables.
A	a numeric matrix giving the linear part of the constraints. Rows are constraints, and columns are decision variables.
lhs	a numeric vector giving the left hand-side of the linear constraints.
rhs	a numeric vector giving the right hand-side of the linear constraints.
types	a integer vector or character vector giving the variable types. 'C' or '1' for continuous, 'I' or '2' for integer, 'SC' or '3' for semi continuous, 'SI' or '4' for semi integer and 'II' or '5' for implicit integer.
maximum	a logical if TRUE the solver searches for a maximum, if FALSE the solver searches for a minimum.
offset	a numeric value giving the offset (default is 0).
control	a list giving additional options for the solver, see highs_available_solver_options or the README file for a list of all available options.
dry_run	a logical if true only the model is returned.

Value

A list containing the result provided by the solver, containing the following named objects:

primal_solution		
	a numeric vector giving the primal solution.	
objective_value		
	a numeric giving the objective value.	
status	an integer giving the status code	
status_message	a character string giving the status message (explanation of the $status_code$).	
solver_msg	a list giving the original (not canonicalized) solver message.	
info	a list giving additional information provided by the solver.	

Additional information on can be found in the README file.

Examples

```
A <- rbind(c(0, 1), c(1, 2), c(3, 2))
s \le highs_solve(L = c(1.0, 1), lower = c(0, 1), upper = c(4, Inf),
                 A = A, lhs = c(-Inf, 5, 6), rhs = c(7, 15, Inf),
                 offset = 3)
s[["objective_value"]]
s[["primal_solution"]]
# Minimize:
\# -x_2 - 3x_3 + (1/2) * (2 x_1^2 - 2 x_1x_3 + 0.2 x_2^2 + 2 x_3^2)
# Subject to:
# x_1 + x_3 <= 2
# 0 <= x
L <- c(0, -1, -3)
Q <- rbind(c(2, 0.0, -1), c(0, 0.2, 0), c(-1, 0.0, 2))
A <- cbind(1, 0, 1)
s <- highs_solve(Q = Q, L = L, lower = 0, A = A, rhs = 2)
s[["objective_value"]]
s[["primal_solution"]]
```

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