Package 'lutz'

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Type Package

Title Look Up Time Zones of Point Coordinates

Version 0.3.1

Description Input latitude and longitude values or an 'sf/sfc' POINT

object and get back the time zone in which they exist. Two methods are implemented. One is very fast and uses 'Rcpp' in conjunction with data from the 'Javascript' library (<https://www.action.com/action/a

//github.com/darkskyapp/tz-lookup/>). This method also works outside of countries'
borders and in international waters, however speed comes at the cost of accuracy - near time
zone borders away from populated centres there is a chance that it will return the incorrect
time zone. The other method is slower but more accurate - it uses the 'sf' package to intersect
points with a detailed map of time zones from here:

<https://github.com/evansiroky/timezone-boundary-builder/>. The package also contains several utility functions for helping to understand and visualize time zones, such as listing of world time zones, including information about daylight savings times and their offsets from UTC. You can also plot a time zone to visualize the UTC offset over a year and when daylight savings times are in effect.

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URL https://andyteucher.ca/lutz

BugReports https://github.com/ateucher/lutz/issues

SystemRequirements C++11

Depends R (>= 3.2)

Imports stats, Rcpp, lubridate

Suggests testthat ($\geq 2.1.0$), sf (≥ 0.7), sp, rgdal, datasets, covr,

ggplot2

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

LinkingTo Rcpp

NeedsCompilation yes

6

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R topics documented:

tz_list	2
tz_lookup	3
tz_lookup_coords	4
tz_offset	5
tz_plot	5

Index

tz_list

Create a list of Time Zones

Description

Output a list of time zone names, with daylight savings time and utc offset

Usage

tz_list()

Value

A data.frame of all time zones on your system. Columns:

- tz_name: the name of the time zone
- zone: time zone
- is_dst: is the time zone in daylight savings time
- utc_offset_h: offset from UTC (in hours)

tz_lookup

Description

There are two methods - "fast", and "accurate". The "fast" version can look up many thousands of points very quickly, however when a point is near a time zone boundary and not near a populated centre, it may return the incorrect time zone. If accuracy is more important than speed, use method = "accurate".

Usage

tz_lookup(x, crs = NULL, method = "fast", warn = TRUE)

Arguments

х	either an sfc or sf points or SpatialPoints(DataFrame) object
crs	the coordinate reference system: integer with the EPSG code, or character with proj4string. If not specified (i.e., NULL) and x has no existing crs, EPSG: 4326 is assumed (lat/long).
method	method by which to do the lookup. Either "fast" (default) or "accurate".
warn	By default, if method = "fast" a warning is issued about the potential for inac- curate results. Set warn to FALSE to turn this off.

Details

Note that there are some regions in the world where a single point can land in two different overlapping time zones. The "accurate" method includes these, and when they are encountered they are concatenated in a single string, separated by a semicolon. The data used in the "fast" method does not include overlapping time zones at this time.

Value

character vector the same length as x specifying the time zone of the points.

Examples

```
if (require("sf")) {
  state_pts <- lapply(seq_along(state.center$x), function(i) {
    st_point(c(state.center$x[i], state.center$y[i]))
})
state_centers_sf <- st_sf(st_sfc(state_pts))
state_centers_sf$tz <- tz_lookup(state_centers_sf)</pre>
```

```
plot(state_centers_sf[, "tz"])
}
```

tz_lookup_coords Lookup time zones of lat/long pairs

Description

There are two methods - "fast", and "accurate". The "fast" version can look up many thousands of points very quickly, however when a point is near a time zone boundary and not near a populated centre, it may return the incorrect time zone. If accuracy is more important than speed, use method = "accurate".

Usage

tz_lookup_coords(lat, lon, method = "fast", warn = TRUE)

Arguments

lat	numeric vector of latitudes
lon	numeric vector of longitudes the same length as x
method	method by which to do the lookup. Either "fast" (default) or "accurate".
warn	By default, if method = "fast" a warning is issued about the potential for inac- curate results. Set warn to FALSE to turn this off.

Value

character vector the same length as x and y specifying the time zone of the points.

Examples

```
tz_lookup_coords(42, -123)
tz_lookup_coords(lat = c(48.9, 38.5, 63.1, -25), lon = c(-123.5, -110.2, -95.0, 130))
```

4

tz_offset Find the offset from UTC at a particular date/time in a particular time zone

Description

Find the offset from UTC at a particular date/time in a particular time zone

Usage

tz_offset(dt, tz = "")

Arguments

dt	Date, POSIXt or date-like character string
tz	A time zone name from base::OlsonNames(). Not required if dt is a POSIXt
	object with a time zone component.

Value

a one-row data frame with details of the time zone

Examples

tz_offset("2018-06-12", "America/Moncton")

tz_plot Plot a time zone

Description

Make a circular plot of a time zone, visualizing the UTC offset over the course of the year, including Daylight Savings times

Usage

tz_plot(tz)

Arguments tz

a valid time zone name. See OlsonNames()

Value

a ggplot2 object

Examples

tz_plot("America/Vancouver")

Index

base::OlsonNames(), 5

OlsonNames(), 5

tz_list, 2
tz_lookup, 3
tz_lookup_coords, 4
tz_offset, 5
tz_plot, 5