

Package ‘macrosyntR’

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Type Package

Title Draw Ordered Oxford Grids

Version 0.2.14

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Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports stats, utils, ggplot2, ggthemes, igraph, tidyr, reshape2,
dplyr

Description Use standard genomics file format (BED) and a table of orthologs to illustrate pair-wise synteny conservation at the genome-wide scale. Significantly conserved linkage groups are identified as described in Simakov et al. (2020) <[doi:10.1038/s41559-020-1156-z](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41559-020-1156-z)> and displayed on an Oxford Grid (Edwards (1991) <[doi:10.1111/j.1469-1809.1991.tb00394.x](https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-1809.1991.tb00394.x)>). The package provides a function that uses a network-based greedy algorithm to find communities (Clauset et al. (2004) <[doi:10.1103/PhysRevE.70.066111](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevE.70.066111)>) and so automatically order the chromosomes on the plot to improve interpretability.

Encoding UTF-8

License GPL-3

URL <https://github.com/SamiLhl1/macrosyntR>

BugReports <https://github.com/SamiLhl1/macrosyntR/issues>

RoxygenNote 7.2.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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compute_macrosynteny *Compute significant macrosynteny blocks*

Description

This is a function to generate the contingency table of an orthologs dataframe and apply fisher test to calculate the significant associations. It outputs a dataframe shaped as following : sp1.Chr,sp2.Chr,a,pval,significant,pval_a

Usage

```
compute_macrosynteny(orthologs_df, pvalue_threshold = 0.001)
```

Arguments

orthologs_df dataframe. orthologs with genomic coordinates loaded with load_orthologs()
 pvalue_threshold
 numeric. threshold for significancy. (default equals 0.001)

Value

A dataframe object

Examples

```
# basic usage of compute_macrosynteny :

orthologs_table <- system.file("extdata", "my_orthologs.tab", package="macrosyntR")

my_orthologs <- read.table(orthologs_table, header=TRUE)

my_macrosynteny <- compute_macrosynteny(my_orthologs)
```

load_orthologs	<i>load orthologs with their genomic coordinates.</i>
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Description

Puts together the table of orthologous genes with their genomic coordinates in the two species under study. It outputs a data.frame shaped as following : sp1.ID,sp1.Chr,sp1.Start,sp1.End,sp1.Index,sp2.ID,sp2.Chr,sp2.Start,sp2.

Usage

```
load_orthologs(orthologs_table, sp1_bed, sp2_bed)
```

Arguments

orthologs_table	character. Full path to the orthologs table (format : geneID_on_species1 geneID_on_species2)
sp1_bed	character. Full path to the genomic coordinates of the genes on species1 (BED format)
sp2_bed	character. Full path to the genomic coordinates of the genes on species2 (BED format)

Value

dataframe composed of genomic coordinates and relative index of orthologs on both species

Examples

```
# basic usage of load_orthologs :

orthologs_file <- system.file("extdata", "Bflo_vs_Pech.tab", package="macrosyntR")
bedfile_sp1 <- system.file("extdata", "Bflo.protein_products.bed", package="macrosyntR")
bedfile_sp2 <- system.file("extdata", "Pech.protein_products.bed", package="macrosyntR")

my_orthologs <- load_orthologs(orthologs_table = orthologs_file,
                             sp1_bed = bedfile_sp1,
                             sp2_bed = bedfile_sp2)
```

plot_macrosynteny	<i>Plot Macro-synteny</i>
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Description

This is a function to generate the contingency table of an MBH dataframe and apply fisher test to calculate the significant associations.

Usage

```
plot_macrosynteny(macrosynt_df, sp1_label = "", sp2_label = "")
```

Arguments

macrosynt_df	dataframe of contingency table with p-values calculated by the compute_macrosynteny() function
sp1_label	character. The name of the species1 to display on the plot
sp2_label	character. The name of the species2 to put on the plot

Value

ggplot2 object

See Also

[compute_macrosynteny\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# basic usage of plot_macrosynteny :  
orthologs_table <- system.file("extdata", "my_orthologs.tab", package="macrosyntR")  
my_orthologs <- read.table(orthologs_table, header=TRUE)  
my_macrosynteny <- compute_macrosynteny(my_orthologs)  
plot_macrosynteny(my_macrosynteny,  
                  sp1_label = "B.floridae",  
                  sp2_label = "P.echinospica")
```

plot_oxford_grid *plot the Macro-synteny as an oxford grid.*

Description

This is a function to plot the oxford grided plot to compare the macro synteny of two species. Its input will have been loaded using load_orthologs()

Usage

```
plot_oxford_grid(  
  orthologs_df,  
  sp1_label = "",  
  sp2_label = "",  
  dot_size = 0.5,  
  dot_alpha = 0.4,  
  reorder = FALSE,  
  keep_only_significant = FALSE,  
  color_by = NULL,  
  pvalue_threshold = 0.001,  
  color_palette = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

orthologs_df	dataframe. orthologs with genomic coordinates loaded by the load_orthologs()
sp1_label	character. name of 1st species to display on the plot
sp2_label	character. name of 2nd species to display on the plot
dot_size	numeric. (default = 0.5)
dot_alpha	numeric. (default = 0.4)
reorder	logical. (default = FALSE) tells whether to reorder the chromosomes in clusters as implemented in reorder_macrosynteny()
keep_only_significant	logical. (default = FALSE)
color_by	string/variable name. (default = NULL) column of the orthologs_df to use to color the dots.
pvalue_threshold	numeric. (default = 0.001)
color_palette	vector. (default = NULL) list of colors (as string under double quote) for the clusters. The amount of colors must match the amount of clusters.

Value

A ggplot2 object

See Also

[load_orthologs\(\)](#)
[reorder_macrosynteny\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# basic usage of plot_oxford_grid :  
  
orthologs_table <- system.file("extdata", "my_orthologs.tab", package="macrosyntR")
```

```
my_orthologs <- read.table(orthologs_table,header=TRUE)

plot_oxford_grid(my_orthologs,
                 sp1_label = "B.floridae",
                 sp2_label = "P.echinospica")

# plot a reordered Oxford Grid and color by cluster :

plot_oxford_grid(my_orthologs,
                 sp1_label = "B.floridae",
                 sp2_label = "P.echinospica",
                 reorder = TRUE,
                 color_by = "clust")
```

reorder_macrosyteny *Reorder the mbh_df before plotting*

Description

This is a function to reorder an orthologs_df, that was generated with load_orthologs(). It retrieves communities using igraph::cluster_fast_greedy.

Usage

```
reorder_macrosyteny(
  orthologs_df,
  pvalue_threshold = 0.001,
  keep_only_significant = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

orthologs_df dataframe. mutual best hits with genomic coordinates loaded with load_orthologs()
pvalue_threshold numeric. threshold for significancy. (default equals 0.001)
keep_only_significant logical. (default equals FALSE)

Value

A dataframe object

See Also

[load_orthologs\(\)](#)
[compute_macrosyteny\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# basic usage of plot_oxford_grid :  
  
orthologs_table <- system.file("extdata", "my_orthologs.tab", package="macrosyntR")  
  
my_orthologs <- read.table(orthologs_table, header=TRUE)  
  
my_orthologs_reordered <- reorder_macrosyteny(my_orthologs)
```

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