Package 'mapboxapi'

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Description Includes support for 'Mapbox' Navigation APIs, including directions, isochrones, and route optimization; the Search API for forward and reverse geocoding; the Maps API for interacting with 'Mapbox' vector tilesets and visualizing 'Mapbox' maps in R; and 'Mapbox Tiling Service' and 'tippecanoe' for generating map tiles. See https://docs.mapbox.com/api/ for more information about the 'Mapbox' APIs.

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Depends R (>= 3.3.0)

Imports httr, sf, jsonlite, purrr, curl, dplyr (>= 1.0.0), tidyr (>= 1.0.0), aws.s3, stringi, slippymath, protolite, rlang, geojsonsf, magick, leaflet, units, raster, png, jpeg

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 ${\it add} {\it MapboxTiles}$

Use a Mapbox style in a Leaflet map

Description

See the Mapbox Static Tiles API documentation for more information.

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Usage

```
addMapboxTiles(
  map,
  style_id,
  username,
  style_url = NULL,
  scaling_factor = c("1x", "0.5x", "2x"),
  access_token = NULL,
  layerId = NULL,
  group = NULL,
  options = leaflet::tileOptions(),
  data = leaflet::getMapData(map),
  attribution = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

map	A map widget object created by leaflet::leaflet()
style_id	The style ID of a Mapbox style
username	A Mapbox username
style_url	A Mapbox style URL
scaling_factor	The scaling factor to use when rendering the tiles. A scaling factor of "1x" (the default) returns $512px$ by $512px$ tiles. A factor of "1x" returns $256x256$ tiles, and a factor of "2x" returns $1024x1024$ tiles.
access_token	Your Mapbox access token; which can be set with mb_access_token().
layerId	the layer ID
group	The name of the group the Mapbox tile layer should belong to (for use in Shiny and to modify layers control in a Leaflet workflow)
options	A list of extra options (optional)
data	The data object used to derive argument values; can be provided to the initial call to leaflet::leaflet()

Value

A pointer to the Mapbox Static Tiles API which will be translated appropriately by the leaflet R package.

If TRUE, pass a standard attribution to leaflet::addTiles(). If FALSE, attribution is NULL. attribution can also be a character string including HTML.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(leaflet)
library(mapboxapi)
```

attribution

feature_options

```
leaflet() %>%
  addMapboxTiles(
    style_id = "light-v9",
    username = "mapbox"
) %>%
  setView(
    lng = -74.0051,
    lat = 40.7251,
    zoom = 13
)
## End(Not run)
```

check_upload_status

Check the status of a Mapbox upload

Description

Check the status of a Mapbox upload

Usage

```
check_upload_status(upload_id, username, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

upload_id The upload ID

username Your account's username access_token Your Mapbox access token

feature_options

Specify feature options for an MTS recipe layer

Description

Specify feature options for an MTS recipe layer

Usage

```
feature_options(
  id = NULL,
  bbox = NULL,
  attributes = list(zoom_element = NULL, set = NULL, allowed_output = NULL),
  filter = NULL,
  simplification = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

id A column representing the feature ID. See https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/ reference/#id-expression. bbox A bounding box within which rendered features will be clipped. See https:// docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/#bounding-box. attributes A named list of attribute transformations. zoom_element specifies how an attribute should be made available at different zoom levels; set allows you to calculate new attributes from existing attributes when processing the tiles; and allowed_output specifies which columns should be carried through to the output tiles. See https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/ #feature-attributes. filter An expression that determines how features in the tileset should be filtered. See https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/#feature-filters for information on how to specify the filter. simplification Rules for feature simplification. See https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/ reference/#feature-simplification for more information on how to spec-

Value

A list of feature options, likely to be used in recipe_layer().

ify this.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "tract",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "county",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
```

feature_options

```
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
  source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
  minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
  tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
  source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
  minzoom = 2,
  maxzoom = 5
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

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get_static_tiles

Get static tiles from a Mapbox style for use as a basemap

Description

This function queries the Mapbox Static Tiles API and composites the tiles as a raster suitable for use as a basemap in tmap or ggplot2 (with the ggspatial::layer_spatial() function. It returns a raster layer that corresponds either to an input bounding box or a buffered area around an input shape.

Usage

```
get_static_tiles(
  location,
  zoom,
  style_id,
  username,
  style_url = NULL,
  scaling_factor = c("1x", "2x"),
  buffer_dist = 5000,
  units = "m",
  crop = TRUE,
  access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

location An input location for which you would like to request tiles. Can be a length-4

vector representing a bounding box, or an sf object. If an input sf object is supplied, use the buffer_dist argument to control how much area you want to capture around the layer. While the input sf object can be in an arbitrary coordinate reference system, if a length-4 bounding box vector is supplied instead it must represent WGS84 longitude/latitude coordinates and be in the order

c(xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax).

zoom The zoom level for which you'd like to return tiles.

style_id A Mapbox style ID; retrieve yours from your Mapbox account.

username A Mapbox username. style_url A Mapbox style URL.

scaling_factor The scaling factor to use; one of "1x" or "2x".

buffer_dist The distance to buffer around an input sf object for determining tile extent,

specified in units. Defaults to 5000.

units Units of buffer_dist; defaults to "m" (meters). If buffer_dist is a units class

object, the units argument is ignored.

crop Whether or not to crop the result to the specified bounding box or buffer area.

Defaults to TRUE; FALSE will return the extent of the overlapping tiles.

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access_token A Mapbox access token. Supply yours here or set globally with the mb_access_token() function.

Value

A raster layer of tiles from the requested Mapbox style representing the area around the input location. The raster layer is projected in the Web Mercator coordinate reference system.

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)
library(tigris)
library(tmap)
library(ggspatial)
library(ggplot2)
ny_tracts <- tracts("NY", "New York", cb = TRUE)</pre>
ny_tiles <- get_static_tiles(</pre>
  location = ny_tracts,
  zoom = 10,
  style_id = "light-v9",
  username = "mapbox"
)
# tmap usage:
tm_shape(ny_tiles) +
  tm_rgb() +
  tm_shape(ny_tracts) +
  tm_polygons(alpha = 0.5, col = "navy") +
  tm_credits("Basemap (c) Mapbox, (c) OpenStreetMap",
    position = c("RIGHT", "BOTTOM")
# ggplot2 usage:
ggplot() +
  layer_spatial(ny_tiles) +
  geom\_sf(data = ny\_tracts, fill = "navy", alpha = 0.5) +
  theme_void() +
  labs(caption = "Basemap (c) Mapbox, (c) OpenStreetMap")
## End(Not run)
```

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Description

See the Mapbox Styles API documentation for more information.

Usage

```
get_style(style_id, username, style_url = NULL, access_token = NULL)
list_styles(username, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

style_id A style ID

username A Mapbox username style_url A Mapbox style URL

access_token A Mapbox public or secret access token; set with mb_access_token()

Value

get_style returns a list of information about your selected style. list_styles returns a data frame of information about styles from a Mapbox account

Description

Retrieve vector tiles from a given Mapbox tileset

Usage

```
get_vector_tiles(tileset_id, location, zoom, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

tileset_id	The name of the tileset ID; names can be retrieved from your Mapbox account
location	The location for which you'd like to retrieve tiles. If the input is an sf object, the function will return data for all tiles that intersect the object's bounding box. If the input is a coordinate pair or an address, data will be returned for the specific tile that contains the input.
zoom	The zoom level of the request; larger zoom levels will return more detail but will take longer to process.
access_token	A Mapbox access token; which can be set with mb_access_token().

Value

A list of sf objects representing the different layer types found in the requested vector tiles.

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Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)
library(ggplot2)

vector_extract <- get_vector_tiles(
   tileset_id = "mapbox.mapbox-streets-v8",
   location = c(-73.99405, 40.72033),
   zoom = 15
)

ggplot(vector_extract$building$polygons) +
   geom_sf() +
   theme_void()

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

layer_static_mapbox

Make a static Mapbox ggplot2 layer or tmap basemap

Description

These functions wrap static_mapbox() and ggspatial::layer_spatial() or tmap::tm_rgb() to support the use of images from the Mapbox Static Maps API as ggplot2 or tmap basemaps.

Usage

```
layer_static_mapbox(
  location = NULL,
  buffer_dist = 1000,
  units = "m",
  style_id,
  username,
  style_url = NULL,
  overlay_sf = NULL,
  overlay_style = NULL,
  overlay_markers = NULL,
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  scale = 0.5,
  scaling_factor = c("1x", "2x"),
  attribution = TRUE,
  logo = TRUE,
  before_layer = NULL,
  access_token = NULL,
```

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```
tm_static_mapbox(
  location = NULL,
 buffer_dist = 1000,
 units = "m",
  style_id,
  username,
  style_url = NULL,
 overlay_sf = NULL,
 overlay_style = NULL,
 overlay_markers = NULL,
 width = NULL,
 height = NULL,
  scale = 0.5,
  scaling_factor = c("1x", "2x"),
  attribution = TRUE,
  logo = TRUE,
 before_layer = NULL,
  access_token = NULL,
)
```

Arguments

location

An input location for which you would like to request tiles. Can be a length-4 vector representing a bounding box, or an sf object. If an input sf object is supplied, use the buffer_dist argument to control how much area you want to capture around the layer. While the input sf object can be in an arbitrary coordinate reference system, if a length-4 bounding box vector is supplied instead it must represent WGS84 longitude/latitude coordinates and be in the order c(xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax).

buffer_dist

The distance to buffer around an input sf object for determining static map, specified in units. If location is a POINT object of 2 rows or less and buffer_dist is 0 or NULL, a 1 unit buffer is applied to try to ensure the creation of a valid bounding box for the map area.

units

Units of buffer_dist; defaults to "m" (meters). If buffer_dist is a units class object, the units argument is ignored.

style_id

A style ID (required if style_url is NULL).

username

A Mapbox username (required if style_url = NULL).

style_url

A Mapbox style url; defaults to NULL.

overlay_sf

The overlay sf object (optional). The function will convert the sf object to GeoJSON then plot over the basemap style. Spatial data that are too large will trigger an error, and should be added to the style in Mapbox Studio instead.

overlay_style

A named list of vectors specifying how to style the sf overlay. Possible names are "stroke", "stroke-width" (or "stroke_width"), "stroke-opacity" (or "stroke_opacity"), "fill", and "fill-opacity" (or "fill_opacity"). The fill and stroke color values can

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be specified as six-digit hex codes or color names, and the opacity and width values should be supplied as floating-point numbers. If overlay_style is NULL, the style values can be pulled from columns with the same names in overlay_sf.

overlay_markers

The prepared overlay markers (optional). See the function prep_overlay_markers

for more information on how to specify a marker overlay.

width, height The map width and height; defaults to NULL

scale ratio to scale the output image; scale = 1 will return the largest possible image.

defaults to 0.5

scaling_factor The scaling factor of the tiles; either "1x" (the default) or "2x"

attribution Controls whether there is attribution on the image. Defaults to TRUE. If FALSE,

the watermarked attribution is removed from the image. You still have a legal responsibility to attribute maps that use OpenStreetMap data, which includes most maps from Mapbox. If you specify attribution = FALSE, you are legally required to include proper attribution elsewhere on the webpage or document.

logo Controls whether there is a Mapbox logo on the image. Defaults to TRUE.

before_layer A character string that specifies where in the hierarchy of layer elements the

overlay should be inserted. The overlay will be placed just above the specified layer in the given Mapbox styles. List layer ids for a map style with get_style(style_id = style_id, username = username, style_url = style_url,

access_token = access_token)[["layers"]][["id"]]

access_token A Mapbox access token; which can be set with mb_access_token.

... additional parameters passed to ggspatial::layer_spatial or tmap::tm_rgb

Details

This function uses a different approach <code>get_static_tiles()</code>. Instead, <code>layer_static_mapbox()</code> is based largely on <code>layer_mapbox()</code> in the snapbox package (available under a <code>MIT license</code>. There are a few key differences between <code>layer_static_mapbox()</code> and <code>layer_mapbox()</code>. The "scale" parameter is equivalent to the "scale_ratio" parameter for snapbox. Setting <code>scale_factor = "2x"</code> is equivalent to setting <code>retina = TRUE</code>. Both functions return basemaps that are no larger than a single tile (a maximum of 1280 by 1280 pixels).

For tm_static_mapbox(), tmap::tm_shape is called with projection = 3857 and tmap::tm_rgb is called with max.value = 1.

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mapboxapi	An R interface to Mapbox web services	

Description

Use Mapbox web services APIs for spatial data science and visualization projects in R. Usage of the package is governed by the Mapbox Terms of Service.

Author(s)

Kyle Walker

Description

See the Mapbox API documentation for more information on access tokens and token scopes.

Usage

```
mb_access_token(token, overwrite = FALSE, install = FALSE)

get_mb_access_token(
   token = NULL,
   default = c("MAPBOX_PUBLIC_TOKEN", "MAPBOX_SECRET_TOKEN"),
   secret_required = FALSE
)

list_tokens(
   username,
   default = NULL,
   limit = NULL,
   sortby = "created",
   usage = NULL,
   access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

token A Mapbox access token; can be public (starting with 'pk') or secret (starting

with 'sk') scope, which the function will interpret for you.

overwrite Whether or not to overwrite an existing Mapbox access token. Defaults to

FALSE.

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install if TRUE, will install the key in your .Renviron file for use in future sessions.

Defaults to FALSE.

default If TRUE, will only include the default token for an account. If FALSE, will include

all other tokens except for the default. Defaults to NULL.

secret_required

If TRUE, a secret token is required. If FALSE, the default token is provided first

and the other token provided second if the first is unavailable.

username The Mapbox username for which you'd like to list access tokens.

limit The maximum number of tokens to return. Defaults to NULL.

sortby How to sort the returned tokens; one of "created" or "modified".

usage If "pk", returns only public tokens; if "sk", returns only secret tokens. Defaults

to NULL, which returns all tokens in the scope of the supplied access token.

access_token Your Mapbox access token. If left NULL, will first check to see if you have a

secret token stored in .Renviron, then a public token.

Value

A tibble of information about tokens in your Mapbox account.

Examples

```
## Not run:
my_token <- "..." # The token generated from your Mapbox account
mb_access_token(my_token, install = TRUE)
Sys.getenv("MAPBOX_PUBLIC_TOKEN")
get_mb_access_token()

## End(Not run)
## Not run:

token_list <- list_tokens(
    username = "kwalkertcu", # You would use your own username here
    limit = 10,
    sortby = "modified" #'
)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mb_directions

Make a request to the Mapbox Directions API

Description

See the Mapbox Directions API documentation for more information.

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Usage

```
mb_directions(
  input_data = NULL,
  origin = NULL,
  destination = NULL,
  profile = "driving",
  output = "sf",
  depart_at = NULL,
  alternatives = NULL,
  annotations = NULL,
  bearings = NULL,
  continue_straight = NULL,
  exclude = NULL,
  geometries = "geojson",
  overview = "simplified",
  radiuses = NULL,
  approaches = NULL,
  steps = NULL,
  banner_instructions = NULL,
  language = NULL,
  roundabout_exits = NULL,
  voice_instructions = NULL,
  voice_units = NULL,
  waypoint_names = NULL,
  waypoint_targets = NULL,
  waypoints = NULL,
 walking_speed = NULL,
 walkway_bias = NULL,
  alley_bias = NULL,
  access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

input_data	An input dataset of class "sf", or a list of coordinate pairs for format c(longitude latitude). Cannot be used with an origin/destination pair.
origin	An address or coordinate pair that represents the origin of your requested route. Cannot be used with input_data.
destination	An address or coordinate pair that represents the destination of your requested route.
profile	One of "driving" (the default), "driving-traffic", "walking", or "cycling".
output	One of "sf" (the default), which returns an sf LINESTRING representing the route geometry, or "full", which returns the full request from the Directions API as a list.
depart_at	(optional) For the "driving" or "driving-traffic" profiles, the departure date and time to reflect historical traffic patterns. If "driving-traffic" is used, live traffic

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will be mixed in with historical traffic for dates/times near to the current time. Should be specified as an ISO 8601 date/time, e.g. "2022-03-31T09:00". alternatives Whether or not to return alternative routes with your request. If TRUE, a list of up to 3 possible routes will be returned. annotations A comma-separated string of additional route metadata, which may include duration, distance, speed, and congestion. Must be used with overview = "full". bearings A semicolon-delimited character string of bearings continue_straight continue_straight exclude Road types to exclude from your route; possible choices are 'toll', 'motorway', or 'ferry'. Defaults to NULL. geometries The route geometry format. If output = 'sf', you will get back an sf object and you should leave this blank. If output = 'full', the embedded route geometries will be one of 'geojson' (the default), 'polyline' with five decimal place precision, or 'polyline6'. overview If left blank, defaults to 'simplified' for simplified geometry; the other option is 'full' which provides the most detailed geometry available. A character string with semicolon-separated radii that specify the distance (in radiuses meters) to snap each input coordinate to the road network. Defaults to NULL. A character string with semicolon-separated specifications for how to approach approaches waypoints. Options include unrestricted and curb. Defaults to NULL which uses unrestricted for all waypoints. If TRUE, returns the route object split up into route legs with step-by-step instrucsteps tions included. If FALSE or NULL (the default), a single line geometry representing the full route will be returned. banner_instructions Whether or not to return banner objects; only available whenoutput = 'full' and steps = TRUE. language The language of the returned instructions (defaults to English). Available language codes are found at https://docs.mapbox.com/api/navigation/#instructions-languages. Only available when steps = TRUE. roundabout exits If TRUE, adds instructions for roundabout entrance and exit. Only available when steps = TRUE. voice_instructions, voice_units Only available when steps = TRUE and output = 'full'. waypoint_names, waypoint_targets, waypoints Only available when steps = TRUE and output = 'full'. The walking speed in meters/second; available when profile = 'walking'. walking_speed walkway_bias Can take values between -1 and 1, where negative numbers avoid walkways and positive numbers prefer walkways. Available when profile = 'walking'. Can take values between -1 and 1, where negative numbers avoid alleys and alley_bias

positive numbers prefer alleys. Available when profile = 'walking'. A Mapbox access token; which can be set with mb_access_token()

access_token

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Value

An sf object (or list of sf objects), or full R list representing the API response.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)
library(leaflet)
my_route <- mb_directions(</pre>
  origin = "10 Avenue de Wagram, 75008 Paris France",
  destination = "59 Rue de Tocqueville, 75017 Paris France",
  profile = "cycling",
  steps = TRUE,
  language = "fr"
)
leaflet(my_route) %>%
  addMapboxTiles(
    style_id = "light-v9",
    username = "mapbox"
  ) %>%
  addPolylines()
## End(Not run)
```

mb_geocode

Geocode an address or place description using the Mapbox Geocoding API

Description

See the Mapbox Geocoding API documentation for more information.

Usage

```
mb_geocode(
    search_text,
    endpoint = "mapbox.places",
    limit = 1,
    types = NULL,
    search_within = NULL,
    language = NULL,
    output = "coordinates",
    access_token = NULL
)

mb_reverse_geocode(
```

mb_geocode

```
coordinates,
endpoint = "mapbox.places",
limit = 1,
language = NULL,
types = NULL,
output = "text",
access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

search_text The text to search, formatted as a character string. Can be an address, a location,

or a description of a point of interest.

endpoint One of 'mapbox.places' (the default) or mapbox.places-permanent. Per

Mapbox's terms of service, you are only allowed to save results and perform

batch geocoding with the places-permanent endpoint.

limit How many results to return; defaults to 1 (maximum 10).

types A vector of feature types to limit to which the search should be limited. Avail-

able options include 'country', 'region', 'postcode', 'district', 'place', 'locality', 'neighborhood', 'address', and 'poi'. If left blank, all types

will be searched.

search_within An sf object, or vector representing a bounding box of format c(min_longitude,

min_latitude, max_longitude, max_latitude) used to limit search results.

Defaults to NULL.

language The user's language, which can help with interpretation of queries. Available

languages are found at https://docs.mapbox.com/api/search/#language-coverage.

output one of "text" (the default), which will return a character string or list of char-

acter strings representing the returned results; output = "sf", returning an sf

object; or "full", which will return a list with the full API response.

access_token The Mapbox access token (required); can be set with mb_access_token()

coordinates The coordinates of a location in format c(longitude, latitude) for which

you'd like to return information.

Value

A character vector, list, or sf object representing the query results.

```
## Not run:
whitehouse <- mb_geocode("1600 Pennsylvania Ave, Washington DC")
## End(Not run)
## Not run:</pre>
```

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```
mb_reverse_geocode(c(77.5958768, 12.9667046), limit = 5, types = "poi")
## End(Not run)
```

mb_isochrone

Generate isochrones using the Mapbox Navigation Service Isochrone API

Description

This function returns isochrones from the Mapbox Navigation Service Isochrone API. Isochrones are shapes that represent the reachable area around one or more locations within a given travel time. Isochrones can be computed for driving, walking, or cycling routing profiles, and can optionally be set to return distances rather than times. mb_isochrone() returns isochrones as simple features objects in the WGS 1984 geographic coordinate system.

Usage

```
mb_isochrone(
  location,
  profile = "driving",
  time = c(5, 10, 15),
  distance = NULL,
  depart_at = NULL,
  denoise = 1,
  generalize = NULL,
  geometry = "polygon",
  output = "sf",
  rate_limit = 300,
  keep_color_cols = FALSE,
  id_column = NULL
```

Arguments

location A vector of form c(longitude, latitude), an address that can be geocoded

as a character string, or an sf object.

profile One of "driving", "walking", "cycling", or "driving-traffic". "driving" is the

default.

time A vector of isochrone contours, specified in minutes. Defaults to c(5, 10, 15).

The maximum time supported is 60 minutes. Reflects traffic conditions for the date and time at which the function is called. If reproducibility of isochrones is

required, supply an argument to the depart_at parameter.

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distance A vector of distance contours specified in meters. If supplied, will supercede any

call to the time parameter as time and distance cannot be used simultaneously.

Defaults to NULL.

depart_at (optional) For the "driving" or "driving-traffic" profiles, the departure date and

time to reflect historical traffic patterns. If "driving-traffic" is used, live traffic will be mixed in with historical traffic for dates/times near to the current time. Should be specified as an ISO 8601 date/time, e.g. "2022-03-31T09:00". If NULL (the default), isochrones will reflect traffic conditions at the date and time

when the function is called.

access_token A valid Mapbox access token.

denoise A floating-point value between 0 and 1 used to remove smaller contours. 1 is

the default and returns only the largest contour for an input time.

generalize A value expressed in meters of the tolerance for the Douglas-Peucker general-

ization algorithm used to simplify the isochrone shapes. If NULL (the default),

the Mapbox API will choose an optimal value for you.

geometry one of "polygon" (the default), which returns isochrones as polygons, or alter-

natively "linestring", which returns isochrones as linestrings.

output one of "sf" (the default), which returns an sf object representing the isochrone(s),

or "list", which returns the GeoJSON response from the API as an R list.

rate_limit The rate limit for the API, expressed in maximum number of calls per minute.

For most users this will be 300 though this parameter can be modified based on

your Mapbox plan. Used when location is "sf".

keep_color_cols

Whether or not to retain the color columns that the Mapbox API generates by

default (applies when the output is an sf object). Defaults to FALSE.

id_column If the input dataset is an sf object, the column in your dataset you want to use

as the isochrone ID. Otherwise, isochrone IDs will be identified by row index or

position.

Value

An sf object representing the isochrone(s) around the location(s).

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)
library(mapdeck)
isochrones <- mb_isochrone("The Kremlin, Moscow Russia",
    time = c(4, 8, 12),
    profile = "walking"
)

mapdeck(style = mapdeck_style("light")) %>%
    add_polygon(
    data = isochrones,
```

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```
fill_colour = "time",
fill_opacity = 0.5,
legend = TRUE
)
## End(Not run)
```

mb_matrix

Retrieve a matrix of travel times from the Mapbox Directions API

Description

Retrieve a matrix of travel times from the Mapbox Directions API

Usage

```
mb_matrix(
  origins,
  destinations = NULL,
  profile = "driving",
  fallback_speed = NULL,
  output = c("duration", "distance"),
  duration_output = c("minutes", "seconds"),
  access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

origins The input coordinates of your request. Acceptable inputs include a list of co-

ordinate pair vectors in c(x, y) format or an sf object. For sf linestrings or

polygons, the distance between centroids will be taken.

destinations The destination coordinates of your request. If NULL (the default), a many-to-

many matrix using origins will be returned.

profile One of "driving" (the default), "driving-traffic", "walking", or "cycling".

fallback_speed A value expressed in kilometers per hour used to estimate travel time when

a route cannot be found between locations. The returned travel time will be based on the straight-line estimate of travel between the locations at the specified

fallback speed.

output one of "duration" (the default), which will be measured in either minutes or

seconds (depending on the value of duration_output), or "distance", which

will be returned in meters.

duration_output

one of "minutes" (the default) or "seconds"

access_token A Mapbox access token (required)

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Value

An R matrix of source-destination travel times.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)
library(tigris)
library(mapdeck)

philly_tracts <- tracts("PA", "Philadelphia", cb = TRUE, class = "sf")
downtown_philly <- mb_geocode("Philadelphia City Hall, Philadelphia PA")

time_to_downtown <- mb_matrix(philly_tracts, downtown_philly)

philly_tracts$time <- time_to_downtown

mapdeck(style = mapdeck_style("light")) %>%
   add_polygon(
   data = philly_tracts,
   fill_colour = "time",
   fill_opacity = 0.6,
   legend = TRUE
  )

## End(Not run)
```

mb_optimized_route

Return an optimized route for a series of input coordinates

Description

Return an optimized route for a series of input coordinates

Usage

```
mb_optimized_route(
  input_data,
  profile = c("driving", "walking", "cycling", "driving-traffic"),
  output = "sf",
  source = c("any", "first"),
  destination = c("any", "last"),
  roundtrip = TRUE,
  annotations = NULL,
  approaches = NULL,
  distributions = NULL,
```

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```
language = NULL,
overview = "simplified",
radiuses = NULL,
steps = NULL,
access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

input_data An input dataset of class "sf", or a list of coordinate pairs of format c(longitude,

latitude). Must be between 2 and 12 coordinate pairs.

profile One of "driving" (the default), "driving-traffic", "walking", or "cycling".

output One of "sf" (the default), which returns an sf LINESTRING representing the

route geometry, or "full", which returns the full request from the Directions API

as a list.

source One of "any" (the default) or "first". If "any" is specified, any of the input

coordinates may be used as the starting point. If "first" is specified, the first

coordinate will be used.

destination One of "any" (the default) or "last". If "any" is specified, any of the input

coordinates may be used as the ending point. If "last" is specified, the last coor-

dinate will be used.

roundtrip If TRUE (the default), the route will start and end at the same point. roundtrip

= FALSE only works when source is "first" and destination is "last". If FALSE is supplied here, the route will start at the first point in input_data and

end at the last point.

annotations A comma-separated string of additional route metadata, which may include du-

ration, distance, speed, and congestion. Must be used with overview = "full".

approaches A character string with semicolon-separated specifications for how to approach

waypoints. Options include unrestricted and curb. Defaults to NULL which

uses unrestricted for all waypoints.

bearings A semicolon-delimited character string of bearings.

distributions A semicolon-delimited character string of number pairs that specifies pick-up

and drop-off locations. The first number indicates the index of the pick-up location, and the second number represents the index of the drop-off location.

language The language of the returned instructions (defaults to English). Available lan-

guage codes are found at https://docs.mapbox.com/api/navigation/#instructions-languages.

Only available when steps = TRUE.

overview If left blank, defaults to 'simplified' for simplified geometry; the other option

is 'full' which provides the most detailed geometry available.

radiuses A character string with semicolon-separated radii that specify the distance (in

meters) to snap each input coordinate to the road network. Defaults to NULL.

steps If TRUE, returns the route object split up into route legs with step-by-step instruc-

tions included. If FALSE or NULL (the default), a single line geometry represent-

ing the full route will be returned.

access_token Your Mapbox access token; which can be set with mb_access_token()

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Value

Either a list of two sf objects - one representing the waypoints, and one representing the route - or an R list representing the full optimization API response.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)
library(sf)

to_visit <- data.frame(
    X = c(-0.209307, -0.185875, -0.216877, -0.233511, -0.234541),
    Y = c(5.556019, 5.58031, 5.582528, 5.566771, 5.550209)
) %>%
    st_as_sf(coords = c("X", "Y"), crs = 4326)

optimized_route <- mb_optimized_route(to_visit, profile = "driving-traffic")

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mts_create_source

Create a Mapbox tileset source from a sf object using the Mapbox Tiling Service API

Description

The mts_create_source() function can be used to create a tileset source or append to an existing tileset source. This function publishes a simple features object you've created in R to your Mapbox account, where it is stored as line-delimited GeoJSON. A tileset source is required to create a vector tileset, and the same source can be used across multiple tilesets.

Usage

```
mts_create_source(data, tileset_id, username, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

data An input simple features object

tileset_id The tileset ID. If the tileset ID already exists in your Mapbox account, this func-

tion will overwrite the existing source with a new source.

username Your Mapbox username

access_token Your Mapbox access token with secret scope. Install with mb_access_token()

after you retrieve it from your Mapbox account.

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Value

A list of the MTS API's responses, including the name of the tileset source in your Mapbox account. You'll use this name to build a MTS recipe.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#create-a-tileset-source

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "tract";
  variables = "B01002_001"
  state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "county",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
  source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
  minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
  tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
)
```

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```
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
)
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

mts_create_tileset

Create a tileset with the Mapbox Tiling Service API

Description

After you've uploaded your spatial data to your Mapbox account with mts_create_source and prepared a valid recipe with mts_make_recipe(), you can use your source and recipe to create a vector tileset. This tileset will be hosted at your Mapbox account. Once created successfully, you will need to publish the tileset using mts_publish_tileset to use it in Mapbox Studio, Mapbox GL JS, or an R package that can read Mapbox tilesets.

Usage

```
mts_create_tileset(
  tileset_name,
  username,
  recipe,
```

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```
request_name = tileset_name,
access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

tileset_name The name of the MTS tileset you intend to create

username Your Mapbox username

recipe An MTS recipe, created with mts_make_recipe()
request_name The name of the request; defaults to the tileset name

access_token Your Mapbox access token

Value

The response from the API, formatted as an R list.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#create-a-tileset

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "tract",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "county",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
```

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```
username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
)
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

mts_get_recipe

Retrieve the recipe for an MTS tileset in your Mapbox account

Description

Retrieve the recipe for an MTS tileset in your Mapbox account

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Usage

```
mts_get_recipe(tileset_name, username, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

tileset_name The tileset name for which you'd like to retrieve a recipe

username Your Mapbox username

access_token Your Mapbox access token with secret scope

Value

The recipe for your tileset as an R list

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#retrieve-a-tilesets-recipe

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "tract",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "county",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
```

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```
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

mts_list_sources

List tileset sources in your Mapbox account

Description

List tileset sources in your Mapbox account

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Usage

```
mts_list_sources(
  username,
  sortby = c("created", "modified"),
  limit = 100,
  start = NULL,
  access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

username	Your Mapbox username
sortby	One of "created" or "modified"; the returned data frame will be sorted by one of these two options.
limit	The number of tileset sources to return; defaults to 100. The maximum number of tileset sources returned by this endpoint is 2000.
start	The source ID at which to start the list of sources; defaults to NULL.
access_token	Your Mapbox access token with secret scope.

Value

A data frame containing information on your tileset sources.

See Also

```
https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#create-a-tileset-source
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
source_list <- mts_list_sources(username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mts_list_tilesets

List tilesets in a Mapbox account

Description

List tilesets in a Mapbox account

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Usage

```
mts_list_tilesets(
   username,
   type = NULL,
   visibility = NULL,
   sortby = c("created", "modified"),
   limit = 100,
   start = NULL,
   access_token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

username	A Mapbox username
type	(optional) Return only "vector" or "raster" tilesets. If left blank, all tilesets will be returned.
visibility	Return only "public" or "private" tilesets. Public tilesets can be returned with any public access token; private tilesets require the user's access token with secret scope.
sortby	One of "created" or "modified"; the returned data frame will be sorted by one of these two options.
limit	The number of tilesets to return; defaults to 100. The maximum number of tilesets returned by this endpoint is 500.
start	The tileset ID at which to start the list of sources; defaults to NULL.
access_token	Your Mapbox access token with secret scope.

Value

A data frame containing information on available tilesets in a given Mapbox account.

See Also

```
https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#list-tilesets
```

```
## Not run:
tileset_list <- mts_list_tilesets(username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

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mts_make_recipe

Prepare a recipe for use with the Mapbox Tiling Service

Description

Prepare a recipe for use with the Mapbox Tiling Service

Usage

```
mts_make_recipe(...)
```

Arguments

. . .

One or more named lists that represent layers in the Mapbox Tiling Service recipe specification (https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/#layer-example). These lists can be prepared with the helper function recipe_layer(), or prepared by hand if the user prefers. If multiple layers are included, a multi-layer recipe will be prepared that can produce tilesets with multiple sources.

Value

An R list representing an MTS recipe to be used to create a tileset.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "tract",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "county",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 year = 2020,
```

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```
geometry = TRUE
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
```

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```
## End(Not run)
```

Description

mts_publish_tileset() publishes an existing vector tileset at your Mapbox account, allowing you to use the vector tiles in your projects. The tileset name will be the same name you specified in mts_create_tileset().

Usage

```
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name, username, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

tileset_name The name of the tileset (as supplied to mts_create_tileset())

username Your Mapbox username access_token Your Mapbox access token

Details

The published tileset will conform to rules specified in its recipe. If you want to change the recipe for a tileset, use mts_update_recipe() then re-publish the tileset with a call to mts_publish_tileset() once more.

Value

The response from the Mapbox Tiling Service API, formatted as an R list.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#publish-a-tileset

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)

# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(
  geography = "tract",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
  year = 2020,</pre>
```

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```
geometry = TRUE
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "county",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
)
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
```

mts_update_recipe 37

mts_update_recipe

Update a tileset's MTS recipe

Description

Update a tileset's MTS recipe

Usage

```
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name, username, recipe, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

tileset_name The name of your Mapbox tileset

username Your Mapbox username

recipe The new recipe for your tileset, likely created with mts_make_recipe().

access_token Your Mapbox access token

Value

If the update is successful, the function will print a message informing you of its success. Otherwise, a list of responses from the API will be returned letting you know why the request was invalid.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#update-a-tilesets-recipe

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)

# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(
   geography = "tract",
   variables = "B01002_001",</pre>
```

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```
state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "county",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
```

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```
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

mts_validate_recipe

Validate a Mapbox Tiling Service recipe

Description

Validate a Mapbox Tiling Service recipe

Usage

```
mts_validate_recipe(recipe, access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

access_token

A recipe list, created with mts_make_recipe() recipe Your Mapbox access token.

Value

A response from the API indicating whether the MTS recipe is valid or not. If the recipe is valid, returns TRUE, allowing you to use the output of this function for error handling pipelines. If the recipe is invalid, the function returns FALSE and prints the API response telling you why the recipe is invalid.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/api/maps/mapbox-tiling-service/#validate-a-recipe

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "tract",
```

mts_validate_recipe

```
variables = "B01002_001",
 state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "county",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
```

prep_overlay_markers 41

Description

Markers are prepared to match GeoJSON marker-spec which is a partial implementation of the GeoJSON simplestyle-spec (described as a work-in-progress by Mapbox).

Usage

```
prep_overlay_markers(
  data = NULL,
  marker_type = c("pin-s", "pin-l", "url"),
  label = NA,
  color = NA,
  longitude = NULL,
  latitude = NULL,
  url = NA
)
```

Arguments

data	An input data frame with longitude and latitude columns (X and Y or lon and lat as names are also acceptable) or an sf object with geometry type POINT.
marker_ty	The marker type; one of "pin-s", for a small pin; "pin-1", for a large pin; and "url", for an image path.
label	The marker label (optional). Can be a letter, number (0 through 99), or a valid Maki icon (see https://labs.mapbox.com/maki-icons/) for options).
color	The marker color (optional). Color should be specified as a three or six-digit hexadecimal code without the number sign.
longitude	A vector of longitudes; inferred from the input dataset if data is provided.
latitude	A vector of latitudes; inferred from the input dataset if data is provided.
url	The URL of the image to be used for the icon if marker_type = "url".

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Value

A formatted list of marker specifications that can be passed to the static_mapbox function.

query_tiles

Get information about features in a tileset using the Tilequery API

Description

Get information about features in a tileset using the Tilequery API

Usage

```
query_tiles(
  location,
  tileset_id,
  radius = 0,
  limit = 5,
  dedupe = TRUE,
  geometry = NULL,
  layers = NULL,
  access_token = NULL)
```

Arguments

location	The location for which you'd like to query tiles, expressed as either a length-2 vector of longitude and latitude or an address you'd like to geocode.
tileset_id	The tileset ID to query.
radius	The radius around the point (in meters) for which you'd like to query features. For point-in-polygon queries (e.g. "what county is my point located in?") the default of 0 should be used.
limit	How many features to return (defaults to 5). Can be an integer between 1 and 50.
dedupe	Whether or not to return duplicate features as identified by their IDs. The default, TRUE, will de-duplicate your dataset.
geometry	The feature geometry type to query - can be "point", "linestring", or "polygon". If left blank, all geometry types will be queried.
layers	A vector of layer IDs you'd like to query (recommended); if left blank will query all layers, with the limitation that at most 50 features can be returned.
access_token	A Mapbox access token, which can be set with mb_access_token().

Value

An R list containing the API response, which includes information about the requested features. Parse the list to extract desired elements.

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See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/help/tutorials/find-elevations-with-tilequery-api/

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)

elevation <- query_tiles(
   location = "Breckenridge, Colorado",
   tileset_id = "mapbox.mapbox-terrain-v2",
   layer = "contour",
   limit = 50
)

max(elevation$features$properties$ele)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

recipe_layer

Prepare a formatted recipe layer for use in a Mapbox Tiling Service recipe

Description

Prepare a formatted recipe layer for use in a Mapbox Tiling Service recipe

Usage

```
recipe_layer(
   source,
   minzoom,
   maxzoom,
   features = feature_options(),
   tiles = tile_options()
)
```

Arguments

source	The tileset source ID. This is returned by mts_create_source() or can be retrieved from your Mapbox account with mts_list_sources().
minzoom	The minimum zoom level at which a layer can be viewed.
maxzoom	The maximum zoom level at which a layer is rendered; the layer will still be visible past the maximum zoom level due to overzooming.
features	A list of feature options, possibly generated with feature_options().
tiles	A list of tile options, possibly generated with tile_options()

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Value

A recipe layer list to be used in mts_make_recipe().

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "tract",
 variables = "B01002_001";
 state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "county",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 year = 2020,
 geometry = TRUE
)
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
)
```

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```
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
  source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
  minzoom = 2,
  maxzoom = 5
)
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

static_mapbox

Return a static Mapbox map from a specified style

Description

This function uses the Mapbox Static Maps API to return a pointer to an "magick-image" class image or a httr::response object from the static map image URL.

Usage

```
static_mapbox(
  location = NULL,
  buffer_dist = 1000,
  units = "m",
  style_id,
  username,
  style_url = NULL,
  overlay_sf = NULL,
```

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```
overlay_style = NULL,
 overlay_markers = NULL,
  longitude = NULL,
  latitude = NULL,
  zoom = NULL,
 width = NULL,
 height = NULL,
 bearing = NULL,
 pitch = NULL,
  scale = 0.5,
  scaling_factor = c("1x", "2x"),
  attribution = TRUE,
  logo = TRUE,
 before_layer = NULL,
  access_token = NULL,
  image = TRUE,
  strip = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

location

An input location for which you would like to request tiles. Can be a length-4 vector representing a bounding box, or an sf object. If an input sf object is supplied, use the buffer_dist argument to control how much area you want to capture around the layer. While the input sf object can be in an arbitrary coordinate reference system, if a length-4 bounding box vector is supplied instead it must represent WGS84 longitude/latitude coordinates and be in the order c(xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax).

buffer_dist

The distance to buffer around an input sf object for determining static map, specified in units. If location is a POINT object of 2 rows or less and buffer_dist is 0 or NULL, a 1 unit buffer is applied to try to ensure the creation of a valid bounding box for the map area.

units

Units of buffer_dist; defaults to "m" (meters). If buffer_dist is a units class object, the units argument is ignored.

style_id

A style ID (required if style_url is NULL).

username

A Mapbox username (required if style_url = NULL).

style_url

A Mapbox style url; defaults to NULL.

overlay_sf

The overlay sf object (optional). The function will convert the sf object to GeoJSON then plot over the basemap style. Spatial data that are too large will trigger an error, and should be added to the style in Mapbox Studio instead.

overlay_style

A named list of vectors specifying how to style the sf overlay. Possible names are "stroke", "stroke-width" (or "stroke_width"), "stroke-opacity" (or "stroke_opacity"), "fill", and "fill-opacity" (or "fill_opacity"). The fill and stroke color values can be specified as six-digit hex codes or color names, and the opacity and width values should be supplied as floating-point numbers. If overlay_style is NULL, the style values can be pulled from columns with the same names in overlay_sf.

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overlay_markers

The prepared overlay markers (optional). See the function prep_overlay_markers for more information on how to specify a marker overlay.

longitude, latitude

The longitude and latitude of the map center. If an overlay is supplied, the map will default to the extent of the overlay unless longitude, latitude, and zoom are

all specified.

zoom The map zoom. The map will infer this from the overlay unless longitude, lati-

tude, and zoom are all specified.

width, height The map width and height; defaults to NULL

pitch, bearing The map pitch and bearing; defaults to NULL. pitch can range from 0 to 60, and

bearing from -360 to 360.

scale ratio to scale the output image; scale = 1 will return the largest possible image.

defaults to 0.5

scaling_factor The scaling factor of the tiles; either "1x" (the default) or "2x"

attribution Controls whether there is attribution on the image. Defaults to TRUE. If FALSE,

the watermarked attribution is removed from the image. You still have a legal responsibility to attribute maps that use OpenStreetMap data, which includes most maps from Mapbox. If you specify attribution = FALSE, you are legally required to include proper attribution elsewhere on the webpage or document.

logo Controls whether there is a Mapbox logo on the image. Defaults to TRUE.

before_layer A character string that specifies where in the hierarchy of layer elements the

overlay should be inserted. The overlay will be placed just above the specified layer in the given Mapbox styles. List layer ids for a map style with get_style(style_id = style_id, username = username, style_url = style_url,

access_token = access_token)[["layers"]][["id"]]

access_token A Mapbox access token; which can be set with mb_access_token.

image If FALSE, return the a httr::response object from httr::GET using the static image

URL; defaults to TRUE.

strip If TRUE, drop image comments and metadata when image = TRUE; defaults to

TRUE.

Value

A pointer to an image of class "magick-image" if image = TRUE. The resulting image can be manipulated further with functions from the magick package.

```
## Not run:
library(mapboxapi)

points_of_interest <- tibble::tibble(
  longitude = c(-73.99405, -74.00616, -73.99577, -74.00761),
  latitude = c(40.72033, 40.72182, 40.71590, 40.71428)</pre>
```

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```
prepped_pois <- prep_overlay_markers(
  data = points_of_interest,
  marker_type = "pin-1",
  label = 1:4,
  color = "fff"
)

map <- static_mapbox(
  style_id = "streets-v11",
  username = "mapbox",
  overlay_markers = prepped_pois,
  width = 1200,
  height = 800
)

map

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

tile_options

Specify tile options for an MTS recipe layer

Description

Specify tile options for an MTS recipe layer

Usage

```
tile_options(
  bbox = NULL,
  extent = NULL,
  buffer_size = NULL,
  limit = NULL,
  union = list(where = NULL, group_by = NULL, aggregate = NULL, maintain_direction =
     NULL, simplification = NULL),
  filter = NULL,
  attributes = NULL,
  order = NULL,
  remove_filled = NULL,
  id = NULL,
  layer_size = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

bbox, extent, buffer_size, limit, union, filter, attributes, order, remove_filled, id, layer_size

Tile options in the MTS recipe. See https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/

reference/#tile-configuration for more information on the available options.

Value

A list of tile options, likely to be used in recipe_layer.

See Also

https://docs.mapbox.com/mapbox-tiling-service/reference/

```
## Not run:
library(tidycensus)
library(mapboxapi)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
# Get the national data on median age
us_median_age_tract <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "tract",
  variables = "B01002_001",
  state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Get it for counties as well
us_median_age_county <- get_acs(</pre>
  geography = "county"
  variables = "B01002_001",
  year = 2020,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Create a source from the datasets
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_tract,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_tract",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
mts_create_source(data = us_median_age_county,
                  tileset_id = "us_median_age_county",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username")
# Build out the recipe. First, create a recipe layer with
# appropriate options. We'll want a larger tile size and to restrict the minzoom
# to 4; a maxzoom of 12 will be fine as we can overzoom beyond that
# Your source ID will be returned by `mts_create_source()`, so use that value
```

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```
tract_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_tract",
 minzoom = 4,
 maxzoom = 12,
 tiles = tile_options(layer_size = 2500)
county_layer <- recipe_layer(</pre>
 source = "mapbox://tileset-source/your_mapbox_username/us_median_age_county",
 minzoom = 2,
 maxzoom = 5
)
recipe <- mts_make_recipe(tracts = tract_layer, counties = county_layer)</pre>
# Validate the recipe
mts_validate_recipe(recipe)
# Create a tileset from the recipe
mts_create_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                   username = "your_mapbox_username",
                   recipe = recipe)
# Publish the tileset
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
# If necessary, update the recipe
mts_update_recipe(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                  username = "your_mapbox_username",
                  recipe = new_recipe)
# Publish the tileset again after you've updated the recipe
mts_publish_tileset(tileset_name = "median_age_acs",
                    username = "your_mapbox_username")
## End(Not run)
```

tippecanoe

Generate an .mbtiles file with tippecanoe

Description

Tippecanoe is a tile-generation utility for building vector tilesets from large (or small) collections of GeoJSON, Geobuf, or CSV features. The tippecanoe function requires that the tippecanoe utility is installed on your system; see the tippecanoe documentation for installation instructions. Once installed, tippecanoe can be used in large visualization workflows in concert with Mapbox Studio.

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Usage

```
tippecanoe(
  input,
  output,
  layer_name = NULL,
  min_zoom = NULL,
  max_zoom = NULL,
  drop_rate = NULL,
  overwrite = TRUE,
  other_options = NULL,
  keep_geojson = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

input The dataset from which to generate vector tiles. Can be an sf object or GeoJSON

file on disk.

output The name of the output .mbtiles file (with .mbtiles extension). Will be saved in

the current working directory.

layer_name The name of the layer in the output .mbtiles file. If NULL, will either be a

random string (if input is an sf object) or the name of the input GeoJSON file

(if input is a file path).

min_zoom, max_zoom

The minimum and maximum zoom levels for which to compute tiles. If both min_zoom and max_zoom are blank, tippecanoe will guess the best zoom levels

for your data.

drop_rate

The rate at which tippecanoe will drop features as you zoom out. If NULL,

tippecanoe will drop features as needed in the densest tiles to stay within Map-

box's limits.

overwrite If TRUE, an existing .mbtiles file with the same name will be overwritten.

other_options A character string of other options to be passed to the tippecanoe program.

keep_geojson Whether nor not to keep the temporary CSV or GeoJSON file used to generate

the tiles. Defaults to FALSE.

Details

Mapbox also offers the Mapbox Tiling Service as an alternate way to transform datasets into vector tiles

```
## Not run:

# Workflow: create a dynamic tileset for dot-density mapping
library(tidycensus)
library(sf)
library(mapboxapi)
```

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```
# Get population data for Census tracts in Vermont
vt_population <- get_decennial(</pre>
  geography = "tract",
  variables = "P001001",
  state = "Vermont",
  year = 2010,
  geometry = TRUE
)
# Convert to representative dots - 1 per person
vt_dots <- st_sample(</pre>
  vt_population,
  size = vt_population$value
)
# Use tippecanoe to create dynamic tiles
tippecanoe(
  input = vt_dots,
  output = "vt_population.mbtiles",
  layer_name = "vermont_population",
  max\_zoom = 18,
  drop_rate = 1.5
)
# Upload to your Mapbox account for visualization
# A Mapbox secret access token must be set with mb_access_token()
# to upload data to your account
upload_tiles(
  input = "vt_population.mbtiles",
  username = "kwalkertcu",
  tileset_id = "vt_population_dots",
  multipart = TRUE
)
## End(Not run)
```

upload_tiles

Upload dataset to your Mapbox account

Description

Upload dataset to your Mapbox account

Usage

```
upload_tiles(
  input,
  username,
```

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```
access_token = NULL,
tileset_id = NULL,
tileset_name = NULL,
keep_geojson = FALSE,
multipart = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

input An sf object, or the path to the dataset to upload as a character string.

username Your Mapbox username

access_token Your Mapbox access token; must have secret scope

tileset_id The ID of the tileset in your Mapbox account
tileset_name The name of the tileset in your Mapbox account

keep_geojson Whether or not to keep the temporary GeoJSON used to generate the tiles (if the

input is an sf object)

multipart Whether or not to upload to the temporary AWS staging bucket as a multipart

object; defaults to FALSE.

```
## Not run:
# Example: create a tileset of median age for all United States Census tracts
# Requires setting a Mapbox secret access token as an environment variable
library(mapboxapi)
library(tidycensus)
options(tigris_use_cache = TRUE)
median_age <- get_acs(</pre>
 geography = "tract",
 variables = "B01002_001",
 state = c(state.abb, "DC"),
 geometry = TRUE
)
upload_tiles(
 input = median_age,
 username = "kwalkertcu", # Your username goes here
 tileset_id = "median_age",
 tileset_name = "us_median_age_2014_to_2018"
## End(Not run)
```

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